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The North Carolinian.

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A GOOD STORY

TWO DOZEN BUTTONS.

Betty sighed. Now, why she should have sighed at this particular moment no one on earth could tell. And it was the more exasperating because John had just generously put into her little shapely hand a brand new ten-dollar bill. And here began the trouble.

"What's the matter," he said, his ear falling at the faint sound and his hands clapping together in what those who knew him but little called an obstreperous pucker. "Now what is it?"

Betty, who had just begun to change the sigh into a merry little laugh ripples all over the corners of the red lips stopped suddenly, tossed her head, and, with a small jerk no way conciliatory sent out the words:

"You needn't insinuate, John, that I am always trouble-some."

"I didn't insinuate—whose talking of insinuating?" cried he, thoroughly incensed at the very idea, and backing away a few steps he glared down from a tremendous height, in extreme irritation. "It's yourself who is forever insinuating and all that, and then for you to 'put it on me'—it's really abominable."

The voice was harsh, and the eyes that looked down into hers were not pleasant to behold.

"And if you think, John Peabody, that I'll stand and have such things said to me, you miss your guess—that's all!" cried Betty, with two big red spots coming in her cheeks, as she tried to draw her little erect figure to its utmost dimensions. "Forever insinuating! I guess you wouldn't have said that before I married you. Oh, now you can, of course!"

"Didn't you say it first, I'd like to know?" cried John, in great excitement, drawing nearer the small creature he called "wife," who was gazing at him with blazing eyes of indignation; "I can't endure everything!"

"And if you bear more than I do," cried Betty, wholly beyond control now, "why, then, I'll give up," and she gave a bitter little laugh and tossed her head again.

And here they were in the midst of a quarrel. These two who, but a year before, had promised to love and protect and help each other through life.

"Now," said John, and he brought his hand down with such a bang on the table before him, that Betty nearly skipped out of her little shoe—only she controlled the start, for she would have died before she had let John see it, "we will have no more of this nonsense!"

His face was very pale and the lines around the mouth so drawn that it would have gone to any one's heart to have seen their expression.

"I don't know how you will change your help it," said Betty lightly, to hide her dismay at the turn affairs had taken, "I'm sure!" and she pushed back the light, waving hair from her forehead with a saucy, indifferent gesture.

That hair that John always smoothed when he petted her, tired or disheartened, and called her "child." Her gesture struck to his heart as he glanced at her sunny locks, and the cool, indifferent face underneath, and before he knew it he was saying:

"There is no help for it now, I suppose."

"Oh, yes, there is," said Betty, still in that cool, calm way that ought not to have deceived him. But men know so little of women's hearts, although they may live with them for years in closest friendship. "You need not try to endure it, John Peabody, if you don't want to. I'm sure I don't care!"

"What do you mean?"

Her husband grasped her arms and compelled the merry brown eyes to look up to him.

"I can go back to' mother's," said Betty, provokingly. "She wants me any day, and then you can live quietly and to suit yourself, and it will be better all round."

Instead of bringing out a violent protestation of fond affection and remorse, which she fully expected, John drew himself up, looked at her fixedly for a long, long minute, then dropped her arm, and with white lips said slowly:

"Yes, it may be better as you say, better all round. You know best!" and was gone from the room before she could recover from her astonishment enough to utter a sound.

With a wild cry Betty rushed across the room, first tossing the ten dollar bill savagely as far as she could throw it, and flinging herself on the comfortable old sofa, broke into a flood of bitter tears—the first she had shed during her married life.

"How could he have done it! Oh what have I said? Oh John, John!"

The bird twittered in his little cage over in the window among the plants. Betty remembered like a flash how John and she had filled the seed-cup that very morning; how he had laughed when she tried to put it in between the bars, and when she couldn't reach without getting upon a chair he took her in his great arms and held her up, just like a child, that she might fix it to suit herself.

And the "bits" he had said in his tender way, they had gone down to the depths of her foolish little heart, sending her about her work singing for very gladness of spirit. And now!

Betty stuffed her fingers hard into her rose ears to shut out the bird's chirping.

"If he only knew why I sighed," she moaned. "Oh, my husband! Birthdays—nothing will make any difference now. Oh, why can't I die?"

How long she stayed there, crouched down on the old sofa, she never knew. Over and over the dreadful scene she went, realizing its worst features each time in despair, until a voice out in the kitchen said: "Betty!" and heavy footfalls proclaimed that some one was on the point of breaking in upon her uninvited.

Betty sprang up, choking back her sobs, and tried with all her might to compose herself and remove all traces of her trouble.

The visitor was the worst possible one she could have under the circumstances. Crowding herself on terms of the closest intimacy with the pretty bride, who with her husband, had moved into the village a twelve-month previous, Miss Elvira Simmons had made the very most of her opportunities, and by dint of making great parade over helping her in some domestic work such as house-cleaning, dress making and the like, the maiden lady had managed to ply her other vocation, that of news-gatherer at one and the same time, pretty effectually.

She always called her by the first name, though Betty resented it; and she made a great handle of her friendship on every occasion, making John rage violently, and vow a thousand times that the "old maid" should walk.

But she never had—and now, scenting dimly, like a carion after its own prey, that trouble might come to the pretty little white house, the make-mischief had come to do her work; if devastation had not already commenced.

"Been crying!" she said more plainly than politely, sinking down into the pretty chintz-covered rocking chair with an energy that showed that she meant to stay, and made the chair creak fearfully.

"Only folks do say that you and your husband don't live happy—but, la! I wouldn't mind—I know tain't your fault."

Betty's heart stood still. Had it come to this? John and she not live happy! To be sure they didn't, as she membered with a pang the dreadful scene of words and hot tempers; but had it gotten around so soon—a story in everybody's mouth?

With all her distress of mind she was saved from opening her mouth. So Miss Simmons failing that was forced to go on.

"An' I tell folks so," she said, rocking herself back and forth to witness the effect of her words, "when they git to talkin'; so you can't blame me if things don't go easy for you, I'm sure!"

"You tell folks?" repeated Betty, vaguely, and standing quite still. "What? I don't understand."

"Why, that the blame is all his'n," cried the old maid, exasperated at her strange mood and her dullness. "I say, says I, why there couldn't no one live with him, let alone that pretty wife he's got. That's what I say, Betty. And then I tell 'em what a queer man he is, how cross an—"

"And you dare to tell people such things of my husband?" cried Betty, drawing herself up to her extremest height, and towering so over the old woman in the chair that she jumped in confusion at the storm she had raised, and stared blindly into the blazing eyes and face rosy with righteous indignation; her only thought was how to get away from the storm she had raised but could not stop. But she was forced to stay, for Betty stood just in front of the chair and blocked up the way, so she slunk back into the smallest corner of it and took it as best she could.

"My husband!" cried Betty, dwelling with pride on the pronoun—at least, if they were to part, she would say it over lovingly as much as she could till the last moment; and then, when the time did come, why, people should know that it was John's fault—"the best, the kindest, the noblest husband that ever was given to a woman. I've made him more trouble than you can guess; my hot temper has vexed him—I've been cross, and impatient and--"

"Hold!" cried a voice, "you're talking against my wife!" and in a moment big John Peabody rushed through the door, grasped the little woman in his arms and folded her to his heart, right before old maid and all.

"Oh!" said Miss Simmons, sitting up straight and setting her spectacles more firmly.

"And now that you've learned all that you can," said John, turning around to, her still holding Betty, "why--you may go."

The chair was vacant. A dissolving view through the door was all that was to be seen of the gossip, who started up the road hurriedly, leaving pence behind.

"Betty," said John, some half hour afterward, "what was the sigh for? I don't care now, but I did think, dear, and it cut me to the heart, how you might have married richer. I longed to put ten times ten into your hand, Betty, and it galled me because I couldn't."

Betty smiled and twisted away from his grasp. Running into the bedroom she presently returned, still smiling, with a bundle rolled up in a clean towel. This she put on her husband's knee, who stared at her wonderingly.

"I didn't mean," she said, unpinning the bundle, "to get it out now, but I shall have to. Why, John day after tomorrow is your birthday."

"So 'tis," said John. "Gracious! has it come around so soon?"

"And you, dear boy," said Betty, shaking out before his eye a pretty, brown affair, all edged with silk of the bluest shade, that presently assumed the proportions of a dressing gown; "this is to be your present. But you must be dreadfully surprised, John, when you get it, for oh, I didn't want you to know it!"

John made an answer he thought best. When he spoke again he said, perplexed, while a small pucker of bewilderment settled between his eyes:

"But I don't see, Betty, what this thing," laying one finger on the gown, "had to do with the sigh."

"That," said Betty, and then she broke into a merry laugh that got so mixed up with the dimples and the dancing brown eyes that for a moment she couldn't finish.

"Oh, John, I was worrying so over those buttons. They weren't good, but they were the best I could do then. And I'd only bought 'em yesterday. Two whole dozen. And you put that $10 bill in my hand, I didn't hardly know it, but I suppose I did give one little bit of a sigh, for I was so provoked that I had not waited buying them until today."

John caught up the little woman, dressing gown and all. I don't think they have ever quarreled since—at least I have never heard of it.

Precautions at a Russian Coronation.

Miss Mary Grace Thornton, the daughter of the English ambassador, describes the coronation of Alexander III. in the Century. Miss Thornton says:

"Several orders have also appeared in the papers with regard to Moscow. No house proprietor is to let out his windows on the route of the procession. (Some one even said that no window was to be opened on the streets through which it passes.) No private person is to be on horseback during the three weeks, under penalty of a fine of 500 rubies (£50), so that only prince Demidov will be able to afford a morning canter. No black is to be worn during the time of the coronation. A little Spaniard dined with us recently who has just been to Moscow, where he found great difficulty in seeing anything. As he said, they are so 'precautious.' One precaution is rather ingenious. A double row of soldiers is to be placed on each side of the route of the procession, the men back to back, one row facing the procession and one the houses'.

Cost of Germany's Ship Canal.

A definite official statement of the cost of that great engineering work, the Kiel canal, shows the reaching point to have been some $39,000,000. It is about sixty-one miles long, twenty feet deep at dead low water, and 229 feet wide, in numerous places the width increasing to some 428 feet, to allow the largest vessels to pass each other, and work will be continued until vessels of any depth can pass at low water. The embankment is stone-lined to a depth of six feet below water, and the locks at the North Sea end of the canal are said to be the largest in the world, with the exception of that at Bremerhaven. Two bridges, 137 feet high, span it; there are six opening bridges and sixteen ferries.

His Never-Failing Test.

"Old chap, I've been duck shooting don't you know."

"Duck shooting?" "Why, you don't know a tame duck from a wild one."

"Oh, yes, I do—the wild ones got away!"—Chicago Record.

THE "GOOD TIMES AGAIN."

DEMOCRATIC IDEA OF BUSINESS PROSPERITY.

The Number of Business Failures of the First Quarter This Year Much Greater Than in 1895--Startling Evidence of Democratic Hard Times.

The total number of business failures in the United States during the first quarter of 1896 is 4512, by coincidence exactly 700 more than in the like quarter last year, an increase of almost one-fifth. The only preceding quarter in which the total number of failures was as large as 4000 was in 1885, immediately following the panic of 1884, when the total number was 4050. In no like quarter before or since has the number of failures been as large as in the past three months, although in the first quarter of 1894 there were nearly four thousand business failures reported—3969—compared with which the increase during the past quarter is about one-ninth.

After a year of extreme depression, following the panic of 1893, and particularly after a year in which there was a moderate boom in leading commercial and industrial linesand a general advance in prices, as in 1895, it would have been natural to expect a year with conditions looking to improvement, the outcome of which could of course hardly help lowering the commercial death rate.

The most unfavorable feature of the report concerning the quarter's failures is the relatively heavy increase of liabilities compared with gain in number of embarrassments. Thus, while the increase in the latter is 18 per cent. as compared with the first quarter of 1895, and about 11 per cent. compared with the first quarter of 1894, total liabilities aggregating $62,513,000, or about 30 per cent. larger than in the corresponding period one year ago, and 27 per cent. larger than in the like period two years ago. No corresponding period during the previous fifteen years has presented so large a total of liabilities as that the statistics for which are now made public. In the first quarter of 1885, when there were only 4050 failures, total liabilities amounted to $41,464,000,000, nearly one-third less.

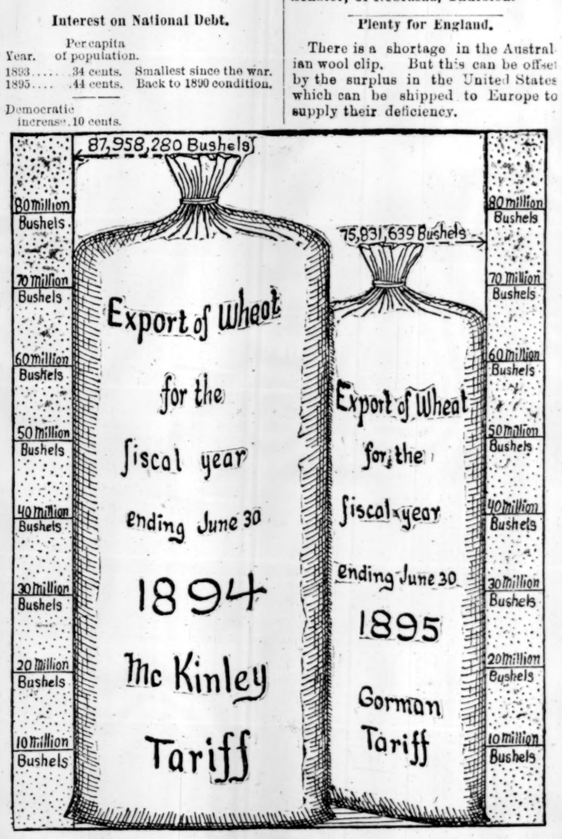
It is when we come to records from Western and the Middle States that increases, not only in number of embarrassments, but in aggregates of indebtedness, become striking. The Western States show an increase of the number of failures of more than 45 per cent., 1205 compared with 830 a year ago, but with respect to liabilities the increase there is more than 200 per cent., $16,905,000 as compared with $5,336,000. The States of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Delaware report 1030 business failures, against 910 a year ago, an increase of only 13 per cent., but they furnish $21,102,000 of indebtedness for the first quarter of 1896, against $17,445,000 in the like quarter of last year, an increase of 24 per cent.

In New York City alone the total number of business failures by quarters jumped from 165 last year to 258 this year, about 50 per cent., but the total liabilities increased from $4,924,000 to $8,398,000, nearly 70 per cent.

Free Trade Means Free Gifts.

Interest on National Debt.

Year.	Per capita of population.	
1893.....	.34 cents.	Smallest since the war.
1895.....	.44 cents.	Back to 1890 condition.
Democratic increase.	.10 cents.	


87,958,280 Bushels
80 Million Bushels
70 Million Bushels
60 Million Bushels
50 Million Bushels
40 Million Bushels
30 Million Bushels
20 Million Bushels
10 Million Bushels
Export of Wheat for the fiscal year ending June 30 1894 Mc Kinley Tariff
75,931,639 Bushels
Export of Wheat for the fiscal year ending June 30 1895 Gorman Tariff

What Governor Griggs Says.

In his recent speech at Hartford, Conn., Governor Griggs, of New Jersey, said:

"The people want no more tariff reform of the kind supplied by the Democratic party. The promised reduction in the price of the necessaries of life has, as we told them, been of no special benefit to men who for lack of funds were not in the market. The experience of the last three years adds one more practical argument to the position of the protectionists, who have always maintained that high tariffs bring prosperity and that low tariffs cause business depression and popular distress.

"The tariff reformer has never convinced the judgment of the workingman. He has succeeded in arousing his passion by unfair appeals to prejudice against the employers of labor and vilification of American manufacturers. In the blight and suffering that have ensued, reason has returned to the laboring men of America. They have seen their jobs transferred to foreign workshops and the wages they vainly hoped for received by the workmen of other countries.

"When we shall have nominated our candidate, it will be no weakness in him that our opponents shall call him a protectionist. That is exactly the kind of a candidate the people are looking for. They are impatient of the arguments of professors of political economy; what they want is not cheap goods, but work and wages. If protection will give them that, they can stand it even if they have to pay a few cents more for a pane of glass or a bag of salt or a suit of clothes. Low prices and no money are not to be preferred even to high prices if there be also good wages."

The Treasury Under Protection.

Under the Harrison Administration the revenues of the Government, brought in under the operation of the McKinley law, were not only more than sufficient to meet the current expenditures of the Government, but, under the wise administration of the Republican party, the excess was applied to the payment of the National debt, and more than $260,000,000 of the National debt was paid off. Not only that, but the Republican party turned the Treasury over with $107,000,000 in gold and nearly $40,000,000 of other money to the incoming Democratic Administration. What has been done by the Democratic party or the Democratic Administration since it came into power? Instead of paying off any part of our National debt, they have increased our National debt in the enormous sum of $262,315,000 in a period of a little over three years' time. This imposes upon the people of this country an indebtedness in interest alone of $11,492,616 over and above the other expenditures that we had under a Republican Administration. This expense comes year after year, and these $262,000,000 are a mortgage upon the people of this country extending over a period of thirty years.—Hon. Albert J. Hopkins, M. C., of Illinois.

Little Billee's Brains.

"The Democratic party's constituency is mainly the industrial masses, whose advancement and elevation it ever seeks, and whose counsels so largely shape its policy."—Speech of Governor Russell, September 27, 1892.

And this is the man who is talked about for President. And how has the "advancement and elevation" of the industrial masses been attained since '92, Mr. Russell? Has the Democratic party been honest to "its constituency?" Those "counsels," which "so largely shape its policy," will be given by the "industrial masses" next November, and where will little Billee and his party be?

Senator Thurston Knows.

We feel that it is no longer necessary to make an argument for protection in the United States. That argument is being made by the silent water wheel, by the still spindles, by the smokeless chimneys; that story is in every American home, graven on every American mind, and now, the American people are ready to act, they are eager to act, they are burning to act, and they are going to act at the St. Louis convention and at the polls in next November.--United States Senator, of Nebraska, Thurston.

Plenty for England.

There is a shortage in the Australian wool clip. But this can be offset by the surplus in the United States which can be shipped to Europe to supply their deficiency.

FILIBUSTERS SENTENCED

Five Men of the Competitor Condemned to Death in Havana.

THE EXECUTIONS POSTPONED.

Prisoners Captured on the American Schooner Hastily Convicted by a Spanish Court Martial---Consul General Williams's Demands for a Civil Trial for Americans Ignored.

HAVANA, Cuba, May 12.—The five prisoners captured on the American schooner Competitor have been sentenced to death. The prisoners were: Alfredo Laborde, born in New Orleans; Owen Milton, of Kansas; William Kinlea, an Englishman, and Elias Bedia and Teodoro Dola Maza, both Cubans. Captain Ruiz acted as President of the Court, which consisted of nine other military and naval officers.

The prisoners were given a mock trial. They were not given a copy of the charges against them, nor were they allowed to employ counsel nor summons witnesses in their behalf. A Spanish naval officer was appointed by the Court to "defend" them.

The accused men pleaded not guilty and witnesses admitted that when the men were captured they were not armed and offered no resistance. Nevertheless, the prosecuting officer demanded the conviction of the prisoners and their condemnation to death.

United States Consul General Williams filed a formal protest against the trial, but it was disregarded.

The Competitor sailed from Key West, Fla., between 10 and 11 o'clock on the night of April 20, and had on board twenty-five or thirty Cubans. She was commanded by Captain Alfredo Laborde, a resident of Tampa, but it was rumored that Captain Russel Wacca, who commanded the schooner Martha, lately forfeited to the United States for violation of the Revenue laws, was in hiding on one of the keys north of Key West, waiting to take command of the Competitor and run her over to Cuba.

A few days after the schooner sailed from Key West she was captured by the Spanish gunboat Mesagera near Berraces, on the northern coast of the province of Pinar del Rio. She was loaded with arms and ammunition.

The schooner Competitor is a vessel of 47 tons, 72 feet 4 inches long, 20 feet wide and 4 feet 11 inches depth. She was built at Bellport, Long Island, in 1867. The American Record gives the names of her captain and owner respectively as A. Albury and S. Pindar, and her hailing port as Key West.

OUR PROTEST HEEDED.

The Killing of the Competitor's Crew Will Be Postponed.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The State Department gave out the following:

"In the Competitor case it can be authoritatively stated that at the request of the United States, the Spanish Government will postpone execution of the death sentence upon American citizens until the views of the United States respecting the application to their cases of the treaty of 1795 and the protocol of 1877 can be presented and considered."

The sentences of the Competitor prisoners were forwarded to Madrid, where they were met by Secretary Olney's firm remonstrance against the precipitancy and apparent prejudice with which the extreme penalty was so hastily imposed, and there the entire matter is now under consideration, our own authorities being confident that, upon calm reflection, either a revision of the trial involving proper representation of the defence will be forthcoming, or a commutation of sentence will be granted.

The report comes from Havana that Captain General Weyler resigned because of the action of the home Goverement in the case of the Competitor filibusters.

SPAIN'S ACTION.

The Army and Navy Council Will Revise the Court Martial's Doings.

MADRID, Spain, May 12.—It is understood that the Spanish Cabinet has decided to place the case of the men captured on the filibustering American schooner Competitor before the Supreme Council of the army and navy for a revision of the proceedings of the court martial held in Havana.

A despatch from Havana says that Captain General Weyler is angry because of the attitude of the United States, and that he will resign unless the sentences are executed. The despatch adds that the conduct of the American Consul General is very irritating to the loyal Spaniards. He shows himself everywhere, and his talk is menacing.

The anti-American feeling among the Spaniards has been bitterly revived by the action of the United States Government in the case of these filibusters.

The British Consul at Havana has cabled to Queen Regent Christina asking her to pardon William Kilden, the Englishman who was mate on the schooner Competitor.

The best opinion coincides with the statement that the fate of the Americans concerned will be decided by the Spanish Cabinet at Madrid. The impression prevails that they will not be executed.

OFF WITH ARMS FOR CUBA.

The Laurada Takes Cannon, Rifles and 1,000,000 Cartridges.

The American steamer Laurada, with a cargo of munitions of war as large as that which sailed recently on the Bermuda, if not larger, got away from New York Harbor. She will stop somewhere along the route to Cuba and pick up a large number of men. Only the commanders of the expedition and the arms and ammunition were taken aboard at the Port of New York. The expedition will, it is said, be piloted by Captain John O'Brien, who is known as "Dynamite Johnny," and who has run a number of expeditions into Cuban ports, notably the Bermuda's, despite the surveillance of the Spanish gunboats.

The cargo is composed of 1,000,000 rounds of ammunition, consisting mostly of Mauser cartridges, 2000 rifles, three cannon, one a twelve-pounder, and a large quantity of dynamite and medicines. The expedition was fitted out at a cost of $150,000 by the Junta in New York City. The cannon are Gardner guns and the rifles are Winchesters.

Colonel F. K. Hain Killed.

Colonel Frank K. Hain, of New York City, was run over and killed at Clifton Springs, N. Y., by a freight train of the New York Central Railroad. Colonel Hain had been suffering for many months from nervous prostration, caused by overwork. Franklin Kintzie Hain was Vice-President and general manager of the Manhattan Elevated Railway system. He was born in 1836.

Slaughtered by the Natives.

The steamer Monowai brings news of the wholesale massacre of traders and missionaries by natives of the Islands of Manning Straits and the Solomons. Malayti savages butchered a whole boat's crew of men from the brig Rio Loge at Fubiana, two French and one American trader being slaughtered.

Three Die by Fire.

At Ashland, Wis., in a destructive fire, three persons perished, and the property loss is nearly $5,0,000. The dead are Peter Engedman, John Nodlander and Ole Olsen. Nearly 20,000,000 feet of lumber was burned.

Crime of a Jealous Lover.

Joseph Graham, a carpenter, of Freehold, N. J., shot and killed Annie Anderson and then killed himself. The scene of the double tragedy was the residence of Charles I. Baumgartner, on West State street, a fashionable residence thoroughfare of Trenton, N. J. Miss Anderson was employed as a domestic servant in the Baumgartner household.

Nevada Republicans for Silver.

The Nevada Republican State Convention met in Virginia City. Delegates to represent the State at the National Convention were chosen and resolutions adopted favoring the free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1.

THE HALLS OF CONGRESS.

The Senate accepted the Marquette statue; there was no opposition, and the matter is settled.

A bill was introduced in Congress appropriating $300,000 for a monument to General Grant in Washington.

The Senate Committee on Commerce directed Mr. Frye to make a favorable report on his bill for the protection of the yacht-owners and shipbuilders of the United States.

The Ways and Means Committee ordered a favorable report on the bill of Mr. Evans, Kentucky, to allow the bottling of distilled spirits in bond under regulations of the Treasury Department.

The House of Representatives passed the Pickler General Pension bill by a vote of 187 to 54; the Republicans and Populists voted in favor of the measure and the Democrats, with six exceptions, against it.

The Aldrich, Republican, vs. Underwood, Democrat, election contest from the Ninth Alabama District was considered by House Elections Committee No. 1, and was practically decided in favor of Underwood, the sitting member.

The River and Harbor bill, as reported to the Senate, contained some changes from the measure as it passed the House. The most important was the reduction of the appropriation for the improvement of the Delaware River from $500,000 to $250,000.

The Senate agreed to the House substitute for the Senate concurrent resolutions providing for a joint committee of the two Houses to sit during the recess of the Congress to inquire into the conditions of the new library, and to report at the next session; also to report a plan for the organization, custody and management of the new building.

Representative McCall, of Massachusetts, submitted a favorable report on a bill to aid and encourage the holding of the Tennessee Centennial Exposition at Nashville, Tenn., in 1897, and appropriating $130,000 for a Government exhibit. The report says that the one-hundredth anniversary of the admission of Tennessee as a State into the Union is an event entitled to proper celebration, and such as to commend itself to appropriate recognition by Congress.

Representative Woodman, of Illinois, introduced a resolution providing that the House of Representatives directly request the President to make immediate proclamation that a condition of war in Cuba is recognized and that it is the purpose of this Government to preserve a position of neutrality, and that the United States will look with especial disfavor on the continuance of any methods of warfare not recognized in the rules of war as practiced by the leading Nations of the civilized world.

QUEEN REGENT ON CUBA.

She Reads Her Speech in Person to the Spanish Cortes.

The Spanish Cortes reassembled in Madrid. Great interest was manifested in the speech from the throne opening the session, which it was known would deal at length with the situation in Cuba. The speech was read in person by the Queen Regent, representing the youthful King.

The speech from the throne announces a measure aiming to establish in the Antilles an administration of a purely local character, giving the country control of its own finance, while maintaining intact Spain's sovereign rights.

The speech declares that Spain's has fulfilled beyond measure the promises she made to the Cubans after the first rebellion. The relations with foreign Powers, the speech says, are excellent. The correct and friendly attitude of the (South and Central) American Republics in the presence of the Cuban rebellion, it says, serves to prove that each day develops still more the interests binding them to Spain. In the United States, despite the efforts of public opinion in the contrary direction, the President and his Government have not separated themselves from the line of conduct and the loyal friendship which always have existed between the two countries since the creation of the Republic. The Pope has given renewed sympathy to Spain.

The speech praises the conduct of the army and navy during the struggle in Cuba. The Government is occupied with an increase of the defenses for the Peninsula and for the colonies. The army soon will be provided with new pattern rifles and complete artillery equipment. Spain already has increased her navy by twenty-five gunboats and other vessels. An extraordinary budget will be presented to provide for the acquisition of new ships and for improving the arsenal.

LOST IN A MISSISSIPPI WRECK.

The Boilers of a Towboat Burst as She Nears Vicksburg.

The towboat Harry Brown, of Pittsburg, upward bound from New Orleans, burst her boilers at 11 o'clock p. m. about twenty-five miles below Vicksburg, Miss. The boat was wrecked and it sank in five minutes. Eleven lives were reported lost, including Pilot Norman X. Dravo, G. W. Bardsley, steersman; William Dougherty, chief engineer; Annie Hess, chambermaid; Tom Judge and William Wilson, firemen. The bodies of First Mate William Fitzsimmons, that of the second mate, and those of George Keirn and William Kelly, lamp trimmers, were recovered by the steamer Washington Honshell, which was in sight of the Brown at the time of the accident. Six members of the crew were injured.

Captain Keirn, the master of the Brown, was blown to the cabin roof by the explosion. Captain Keirn states that it would be impossible for any one to tell how many of the seven boilers exploded. It seemed to him that the vessel went down in less than a minute. Captain Keirn attaches no blame to any one. He says the cause of the explosion will never be known, as the chief engineer, William Dougherty, was lost. The boat carried a list of forty-eight officers and crew, all white. She had in tow sixty empty barges and two fuel boats.

The Brown was owned by the coal firm of Brown & Co., of Pittsburg. The boat was in perfect order and had just had her boilers cleaned at New Orleans.

China Pays Up.

Consul Read, the Chairman of the United States Chengtu Commission, has succeeded in securing payment in full of the Baptist Missionary Union claims for property losses in the Sechuen riots. Thus all the American claims have been settled in a friendly manner. China paying the whole amount demanded.

Killed in a Sham Battle.

In a sham battle at Caracas, Venezuela, bullets were secretly used by both sides. As a consequence, one man was killed and several were wounded in the excitement of the fray. The Caracas press in commenting upon the affair grimly observes: "We have bullets for Englishmen."

Five French Officers Killed.

A train loaded with troops destined for the island of Madagascar collided in Algeria, between Adelia and Vesoulbe-Iman, with another train. Five officers were killed and three officers, thirty soldiers and several of the crew of the train were injured.

A Town Treasurer's Deficit.

The selectmen of Dalton, N. H., have instituted suit against Bert L. Taylor, for twenty years town Treasurer, to recover $10,000. It is reported that a shortage of $3000 has been discovered in a hasty examination of Treasurer Taylor's books, covering a few recent years.

Wheat Consumption Per Capita.

After an elaborate investigation of the quantity of wheat consumed by this country Bradstreet's finds that the annual consumption for each inhabitant is 5.587 bushels, instead of 4⅝ bushels, as given for many years by the Agricultural Department.

Beginning and End of Centuries.

The nineteenth century ends on December 31, 1900; the twentieth century begins on January 1, 1901.

The National Treasury's Deficit.

The Treasury deficit for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, will be approximately $25,000,000.

GREATER NEW YORK NOW.

Governor Morton Signs the Consolidation Bill.

WORLD'S SECOND METROPOLIS.

A Memorandum From the Governor Explaining the Reasons for His Action--- The Vetoes of Mayors Strong, of New York City, and Wurster, of Brooklyn, Disregarded.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 12.—Governor Morton signed the Greater New York bill at 1 o'clock yesterday. The act consolidating New York, Brooklyn, Long Island City and their environs into one great city on January 1, 1898, is now Chapter 488 of the Laws of 1896. The Governor signed the bill with a fountain pen, gold-mounted. The pen goes to the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital, to be sold for that institution's benefit.

The Greater New York district now has 1100 churches, 20 postoffices, exclusive of stamp stations, a debt of $170,000,000, a taxable property of $2,583,324,329, 37,000 business houses, 130,000 dwellings, 6,01 acres of parks, 220 miles of paved streets, 1100 miles of street and elevated railroad, 1100 hotels and 250 public schools. The population of Greater New York is about 3,000,000 persons, and the area is 300 square miles.

By the 1st of February, 1897, the commission is to report the charter, and the commission goes out of existence March 1, 1897. Consolidation goes into effect on January 1, 1898, and the first Mayor of Greater New York will be elected in the fall of 1897.

The Governor, in the message accompanying his approval of the Lexow bill, goes over the provisions of the measure, briefly reviews not only the vetoes of Mayors Strong and Wurster, but also the history of the agitation and legislation, including the result of the polls in 1894, when the consolidation was carried in the proposed territory by an aggregate majority of 44,188. He states briefly the reasons for his own judgment in favor of the Greater New York bill, and says, in effect, that there is no doubt in his mind that the commission to be appointed by him will be well able to draft a good charter in the time allowed.

PROVISIONS OF THE BILL.

What the Measure Means and the Territory Included.

The bill provides that Kings County, Richmond County, Long Island City, Newtown, Flushing and Jamaica, and that part of the town of Hempstead in the County of Queens, which is westerly of a straight line drawn from the southeasterly point of the town of Flushing through the middle of the channel between Rockaway Beach and Shelter Island, in Queens County, to the Atlantic Ocean, shall be consolidated with the county of New York. For all purposes the local administration of the territories enumerated shall be performed and exercised by the respective bodies, politic and corporate, to which they are now intrusted until so far as hereafter changed by law.

The commission created to draw up a charter for the greater city is to consist of the President of the old Greater New York Commission, the Mayors of New York, Brooklyn and Long Island City, the State Engineer and Surveyor, the Attorney-General and nine other persons, residents of the enlarged territory, to be appointed by the Governor. This commission must make a final report to the Legislature on January 1, 1897, and to submit therewith bills to provide for the government of the municipal corporation created by the act; and among other things for attaining an equal and uniform rate of taxation and of valuation for taxation throughout the whole territory.

The cities of New York and Brooklyn are directed to raise such proportion of the sum of $25,000 as is necessary for the uses of the commission in carrying out the provisions of the act. Nothing in the act is to be construed as attempting to affect in any way the boundaries, government, rights, powers, duties, obligations, limitations, or disabilities of any county or officer thereof, as fixed by the constitution.

Consolidation is to take effect on January 1, 1898. The rest of the act takes effect immediately.

PERSIA'S NEW RULER.

The Late Shah's Successor is Energetic, but Has Led a Life of Seclusion.

The eldest son of the late Shah of Persia is Zil Es Sultan, Governor of Jehahan, and practical ruler of Southern Persia. He had given some trouble and the Shah in 1890 greatly reduced his power. The Shah named his second son, Muzaffir-ed-Din, as heir-elect to the throne. The new Shah was at Tabreez when his father was assassinated. Tabreez is the most important city in Persia, up in the northwestern corner. The new Shah was there enthroned, and he is now on his way to Teheran by the great caravan route. Mr. Curzon, the English traveler, now in Parliament, says Muzaffir-ed-Din is a man of intelligence and energy, but his life of seclusion has left him unfitted for providing Persia with a liberal, progressive government.

MUZAFFIR-ED-DIN, SHAH OF PERSIA.

Out of the Common Run.

Chicago Aldermen get $3 a day apiece.

Moscow, Russia, has nearly five thousand wheelmen.

The total seal catch of Newfoundland sealers will foot up 200,000 seals.

A line of steamers has been organized in Canada, to ply between the Dominion and France.

Reports come from many sections that hop yards will not be cultivated this year and many will be rooted out.

A big rattlesnake at Greenwood Garden, Peak's Island, Me., has just completed an unbroken fast that lasted a year.

An attempt was made to kill Rev. Max Ruppuchter in St. Louis, Mo., by sending poisoned fruit to his parish school.

The village of Aumone, France, is said to be the healthiest place in Europe. It has but forty inhabitants, twenty-three of whom are over eighty years old and one is over 100.

Quan Yick Nam, an Americanized Chinaman, of New York City, has applied to be appointed on the police force. It is said that the Highbinders have a reward of $15,000 offered for his head.

George Halowell, a wagon-maker, of St. Paul, Minn., says that nothing will ever induce him again to repair a hearse. Five times hearses have been sent to him to mind, and after each time one of his family died.

THE BEST
MEDICINE

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. Don't forget to take it. Now is the time you need it most to wake up your Liver. Malarial Liver brings on Malaria, Fever and Ague, Rheumatism, and many other ills which shatter the constitution and wreck health. Don't forget the word REGULATOR. It is SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR you want. The word REGULATOR distinguishes it from all other remedies. And, besides this, SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR is a Regulator of the Liver, keeps it properly at work, that your system may be kept in good condition.

FOR THE BLOOD take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. It is the best blood purifier and corrector. Try it and note the difference. Look for the RED Z on every package. You wont find it on any other medicine, and there is no other Liver remedy like SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR—the King of Liver Remedies. Be sure you get it.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect April 20, 1896.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and 5:55 P. M, Northbound, daily, except Sundays leave Elizabeth City at 2:55 P. M. and 8:00 A. M. The trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Railand steamer lines, and at Edenton with steamer for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven, connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 P. M., for Newbern, connecting withthe A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & N. C. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C., etc. Returning, leave Newbern Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Nowberne, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington, N. C.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station, New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Manag'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft. & Pass'r Agt.

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,
ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

Wood for Sale.

I have opened a WOOD YARD at the Poindexter Creek Bridge and keep a good supply of good wood on hand. Will sell by the load or cord and will saw and deliver when desired.

W. H. STARK.

FRED DAVS
DEALER IN

COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled

☞All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

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Dealer in all Kinds of
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From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

FALSE AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street. ☞All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

GROVES

TASTELESS
CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.
WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.
Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,
ADNEY, CARR & CO.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

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Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

THE STATE CONVENTION.

The Republican State Convention last week is conceded to have been one the largest and most representative political gatherings ever assembled at Raleigh. Every section was represented and among the delegates were many of the ablest and best men of the Commonwealth. A synopsis of the proceedings appear in another column.

There having been a bitter contest waged for over a month on the Gubernatorial question, it was not surprising that there should be a good deal of feeling manifested in the Convention by over-zealous partisans. At times the proceedings were exciting and stormy, but, after the final ballot for Governor, the will of the majority, legally expressed, was acquiesced in, and every good Republican will unite and work for the nominee.

There were contests from a number of counties, all of them delegates elected by bolters from regular Conventions, and they were all for Dockery. As will be seen they were very properly refused admission.

The endorsement of McKinley for President and Pritchard for Senator was very enthusiastic. Indeed, the cheers for the one and the grand ovations to the other clearly demonstrated that it was a McKinley and Pritchard Convention.

The resolution favoring Co-operation was adopted without debate or a dissenting voice. It reveals the fraternal feeling prevailing among Republicans towards the Populists. With this feeling reciprocated, the Democrats will be routed from Currituck to Cherokee.

The action of Chairman Holton in appointing only *one* friend of Russell on the Committee on Credentials was criticised and rebuked. The contesting delegates were Dockery men, having been elected by bolters from the regular Conventions, and the majority of the Committee reported in their favor; but the minority report in favor of seating the *regularly elected* delegates was elected by a large majority!

THE NOMINEES.

Daniel L. Russell, the nominee for Governor, is one of the brainiest men in the State. Thirty years ago he was elected to the Legislature and stood by the Union. He was among the number who organized the Republican party in North Carolina. At the age of 23 he was elected a Judge, and was the Judge who had the courage to decide that the Constitution does not know any difference between the colored man or the white man. No man in the State is more feared and hated by the Bourbon Democrats.

Zeb. Vance Walser, the nominee for Attorney General, made a splendid reputation as Speaker of the House in the late Legislature. He is, in every way, fully equiped for the office.

Robert M. Douglass, a son of the famed "Little Giant," is the nominee for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court. He enjoys the reputation of being one of the ablest lawyers in the State.

The balance of the ticket—Lieut. Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer and Superintendent of Public Instruction—was left open for the Populists to fill.

The Platform speaks for itself. It is one upon which every patriotic North Carolinian can stand with both feet

STEADILY DECREASING.

While nothing should be left undone to check the indiscriminate admission of illiterates and paupers to this country, it may be a consolation to the anxious ones to know that the percentage of foreign born in our population is steadily decreasing. Even if they came in faster than they do, they could not keep pace with the natural increase of the native population. And, whatever the original stock may be, the third generation is pretty sure to be true-blue Americans.

The deficiency producer, the Democratic tariff law continues its deadly work. The receipts for the first half of the month of May are only $12,843,488, and the deficiency for the fifteen days of the month is in round figures $5,000,000.

The leading Democratic organ in Louisiana frankly admits that "large numbers of the best white citizens of the State have gone over to the Republican party." And one of these days, when they can once get the votes honestly counted, they will carry an election.

The Settle-Holton-Dockery "combine" failed to accomplish what it had undertaken. McKinley delegates were elected, Holton's wings were clipped and Russell was nominated for Governor.

Anti-Administration Democrats insist that Mr. Cleveland shall show his hand, but he ignores the demand. He isn't playing a show-down game.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

The Republican party of the United States is now forty years old. It was the child of conscience. It grew and became great in deed and achievement through the inspiration that comes from a true and lofty conception of liberty and freedom, justice and equality, National integrity and National honor. The whole world knows the story of this Nation's matchless growth and development, while it pursued the policy and was true to the principles of the Republican party. This story is written in field and forest, in factory and in mine, in counting house and home, and in every avenue of human endeavor. It tells of the suppression of the rebellion; of the enfranchisement of the slave; of the reconstruction of the States; of the restoration of the National credit; of the rapid extingushment of the National debt; of the extension of the National domain; of the establishment of the countless diversified industries, and a domestic and foreign trade that reach a magnitude that excited at once the amazement and admiration of all Christendom. In short, from the beginning of the administration of Abraham Lincoln to the close of that of Benjamin Harrison, the record of the Republican party is the story of loyalty, of patriotism and of magnificent achievement

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, May 15, 1896.

The Republican Senate "steering" committee held a conference this week to consider the order of business for the remainder of the session, but as the Republicans have not a majority it will be necessary for the Democratic "steering" committee to agree to a programme before it can become effective. It was quite certain, however, that Mr. Cleveland will not be given an opportunity to kill the River and Harbor bill and about 100 private pension bills by pocket vetos. Consequently there is no probability that adjournment will occur until these bills have become laws, with or without his signature, or shall be vetoed, and it is not probable that the River and Harbor bill will reach the White House before next week, as the Senate added a number of important amendments to the bill which may cause some delay in conference. It is regarded as almost certain that this bill will be vetoed, and expected that it will be passed over the veto, but all this will take time. Consequently adjournment is not looked for before the first or second week in June,

If it be true, as has been freely charged, that money was spent to secure the opposition of the A. P. A. to the candidacy of McKinley for President, it was made certain at the meeting of the Supreme Council of the A. P. A., held in Washington this week, that those who furnished that money made a bad investment.

The House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce this week decidedto favorably report the Mahon Nicaragua Canal bill, with some additions and changes. The bill authorizes the Canal Company to issue $100,000,00 in three per cent. bonds, guaranteed by the United States and redeemable at pleasure after ten years, to be secured by first mortgage on all the company's property. It also provides that the canal shall be constructed according to the plans of the Engineer department of the Army and uader its supervision. It has not been definitely decided whether an attempt will be made to put this bill through the House at this session, and probably will not be until the Senate indicates what it is going to do about adjournment.

In order that no charge of partisanship should lie, Senator Morrill, chairman of the finance committee, chose three Democrats, one Populist and one Republican to make up the sub-committee which will investigate those bond issues, in accordance with the resolution adopted by the Senate. There is no desire on the part of the Republicans to make any political capital out of the investigation, They only want the truth, and most of them really hope that Secretary Carlisle and Mr. Cleveland will both be entirely cleared of the ugly charges which have been made against them in connection with the issue of bonds. Like true patriots they would prefer seeing the good name of the President and Secretary of the United States upheld than to get benefited through their being smirched. Political juggling and trickery may be excused in official, but personal dishonesty, never.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and $1 per bottle at A. Wadsworth's Drug Store.

Fiji Island Marriages.

Marriage is not a failure in the Fiji islands, for an unmarried man or woman of marriageable age is something that is rarely seen there. The natives believe that if a person dies while in an unmarried state his or her soul is doomed to wander through the endless ages of eternity in an intermediate region between heaven and hades. At the end of each moon they are allowed to look into heaven, but they are never permitted to enter.

Ancient Prepared Papyrus.

The parchments and papyrus used by the ancients seem to have had a special preparation, by virtue of which they absorbed the ink and thus caused the writing to be almost indelible.—Nashville American.

Synopsis of Proceedings of Republican State Convention.

The Republican State Convention met at Raleigh on Wednesday, May 14th. It was called to to order by A. E. Holton, chairman of the State Committee. After delivering an address, he appointed the following committee on Credentials: C. A. Reynolds, Forsythe; G. H. Smathers, Haywood; Wheeler Martin, Martin; J. J. Woods, Halifax; J. G. Holland, Harnett; F. D. Jones, Chatham; James F. Ray; Rockingham; R. B. Russell, Robeson; J. W. Roger, Cabarrus.

The Convention then adjourned to 4 o'clock, but on reassembling it was learned that the committee, because of contests from several counties, would not be able to report, and adjournment was made to 8 o'clock. On reassembling, committee not yet being ready to report, several hours were occupied by various speakers, when the Convention adjourned 'till Friday morning.

On meeting on Friday morning it was found that the committee on Credentials were not quite ready to report, so after several more speeches adjournment was ordered till 12 o'clock.

Shortly after 12 o'clock the Convention was called to order by Chairman Holton, and the report of the Committee on Credentials was read by Chairman Reynolds. There were contests from ten counties. A minority report was made by Wheeler Martin in favor of not seating the contesting delegates from Cumberland, Edgecombe, Franklin and Wake. The minority report was adopted by a vote of 120 to 90.

For permanent Chairman Marshal L Mott and Virgil S. Lusk were placed in nomination. The vote stood 141 for Mott and 97 for Lusk. For Secretaries Messrs. J. C. L. Harris, John C Dancy and J. T. Ellinger were elected.

Judge H. G. Ewart then came forward with the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

RESOLVED: That it is the sense of this Convention that the Honorable Jeter C. Pritchard be named and he is hereby named as the candidate of the Republican party to succeed himself as United States Senator from this State, and that the delegates of this convention pledge themselves to use all honorable means to secure his re-election.

This resolution was received with great applause and was carried by acclamation by a rising vote.

Senator Pritchard came forward and made a forceful and telling speech which was enthusiastically applauded. Before setting down he introduced the following resolution which was adopted by a rising vote.

RESOLVED: That the delegates elected by this Convention to the National Convention at St. Louis, are instructed and directed to vote for that typical American and ideal citizen William McKinley, of Ohio, for President so long as his name is before the Convention.

On motion Congressmen Pearson and Settle, H. L. Grant, G. Z. French and J. H. Young were appointed as committee on Order of Business, and the following as a committee on Resolutions: D. H. Abbott, J. J. Martin, Robert Hancock, J. H. Young, Tyre Glenn, R. M. Norment, John C. Dancy, C. A. Reynolds, Richmond Pearson. Then a recess of one hour was taken.

On re-assembling the committee on Order of Business reported a follows: 1st, election of Electors-at-Large; 2d, action on Co-operation; 3d, nomination of Governor, etc; 4th, election of Delegates-at-Large; 5th, election of chairman and members of the State Committee.

Proceeding to the election of Elector-at-Large, J. M. Moody nominated Hezakiah A. Gudger, and moved that he be elected by acclamation, which was done. The following were then placed in nomination for the other Electors: Oscar J. Spears, of Harnett, by Col. H. C. Dockery, and Isaac M. Meekins, of Tyrrell, by C. M Berndrd. Mr. Meekins having requested the withdrawal of his name Mr. Spears was also elected by acclamation.

Senator Pritchard, chairman of the Conference Committee with the Populists, reported that terms of Co-operation had been agreed on in the division of the State offices, and co-operation on State, Congressional and local affairs. In the event of the Populists failing to fill the State ticket, the State Committee to do so. The report was adopted.

The chair then announced that nominations were in order for Governor. Daniel L. Tuseell was placed in nomination by G. Z. French; James E. Boyd, by R. M. Douglass; O. H. Dockery, by O. J. Spears. J. M. Moody, by G. H. Smathers; and V. Lusk, by H. A. Gudger. There were some twenty speeches seconding the nominations. The first ballot stood: 98:3-7 for Russell; 90:4-7 for Docery; 20 for Boyd; 18 for Moody, and 4 for Lusk. The second ballot was: Russell, 101:2-7, Dockery, 90:4-7; Boyd, 2e; Moody, 22. Third ballot, was: Russell, 107:37; Dockery, 90:4-7; Moody, 18; Boyd, 20. On the seventh and last ballot the vote was: 119:3-7; Dockery, 104:4-7; Boyd 13. As 119 votes was necessary to a chice, Russell was declared the nominee.

The ticket was completed by nominating Z. V. Walser for Attorney General; J. Ruff Henderson for Auditor, and Robert M. Douglass for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court.

The delegates to the National Convention are Jeter C. Pritchard, James E. Boyd, Claud M. Bernard and George H. White.

A. E. Holton, was elected nominal chairman of the State Committe, with the following selected by Senator Pritchard as the Acting Campaign Committee: R. O. Patterson, Chairman; James H. Young, Tyre Gleen, John C. Dancy, and H. L. Grant,

The following were elected the State Executive Committee: At large, H. L. Grant, Tyre Glenn, R. O. Patterson, J. H. Young, Abm. Middleton and John C. Dancy; and from the Districts, the following: 1st, Silas A. Blount; 2d, R. H. J. Lewis. 3d, Robt. Hancock; 4th, P. T. Massey; 5th, J. Norcum; 6th, W. S. Clanton; 7th, J. W. C. Long; 8th, E. S. Walton; 8th, H. S. Harkis,

The following is the platform which was adopted:

We denounce the policy of the Democratic party in placing on the free list the great bulk of the raw material of the South and the agricultural products of the country. By adopting such a policy, the Democratic party has arrayed itself on the side of the trading and speculating classes of this and foreign countries. We favor such a rate of duties on raw material and agricultural products as will instre ample protection to the American people.

We have always given protection to our shipbuilders. In late years we have neglected to protect our ship owners. We believe the time has come to return to the policy of Washington and Hamilton, which, by discriminating duties in favor of American bottoms, secured 90 per cent. of our carrying trade to our American ships, and revive our shipping and cause American freights to be paid to Americans.

We favor the use of gold and silver as standard money and the restoration of silver to its functions and dignity as a money metal. We are opposed to the retiring of the greenbacks, the money of the people, the money favored by Lincoln. We are opposed to the issue of interest bearing bonds in the time of peace, and we condemn the policy of President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle in secretly making the sale of government bonds to a foreign syndicate on such terms as to enable it to realize the enormous profit of $10,000,000 at the expense of the people.

We re-affirm our allegiance to the principles of Republicanism and our united support to the nominees of the National Republican convention soon to be held in St. Louis, as set forth in the National platform of 1892.

Inasmuch as every candid man in the Republican party concedes the nomination of William McKinley for President, and inasmuch as every intelligent man in every party already concedes his election, we feel that our National interests are safe, that our candidate's character and life work are the best platform ever presented to the American people, having no fears for the fate of the nation we feel that the vital and paramount issue for North Carolinians in this campaign is the preservation of the great reforms enacted into law by the last General Assembly, to-wit: local self-government and honest elections; these great measures should bind together all honest and patriotic men who fought together in 1894 in the grand and glorious battle ending in overwhelming defeat of Bourbon Democracy. We fought them to gain these principles, we must fight now to maintain them. No differences as to questions of currency and questions of tariff should deter us from standing together for the right preservation of all rights, the right to vote and have that vote honestly counted. We warn our voters that if the Bourbons once more gain control of the State we may bid a final farewell to this the greatest right of freemen and expect that the South Carolina or Mississippi plan of heartless disfranchisement of the poor and uneducated will be incorporated into the organic law of North Carolina within the 60 days after the return of the Bourbons. God spare us from this fate.

Whereas, popular education is essential to popular government, and is a means of National wealth and prosperity, the Republican party of North Carolina is heartily in favor of enlarging and improving the public school system of the State, and of establishing it upon the broad foundation of non-political management. To this end the Republican party will support for the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction such progressive and active school man, acquainted with modern methods and systems, and in full sympathy with the public school idea, as the Executive Committee of the party, after due deliberation and consultation with as many as possible of the leading teachers of the State, may deem the best available. And we cordially invite all other parties and citizens of North Carolina who believe in popular education to unite in removing our school system from politics, and placing its control into the hands of school men.

"Whereas, The State of North Carolina gives to the bondholder and the capitalist the right to deduct from the taxable value of his bonds, notes and other colvent credits to the full amount of his indebtedness, requiring him to return for taxation only the amount of his solvent credits remaining after such deduction; and whereas, it requires the owner of a house or farm to pay taxes on the full value of his home, even when he has paid only a small part of its purchase money, be it

Resolved, That the Republican party demands that the farmer and the house-holder be allowed the same exemptions given to the bondholder and capitalist, and that every citizen in returning his property for taxation be permitted to deduct from the value thereof the amount of his just indebtedness."

One of the best evidences that Ayers Hair Vigor is an article of exceptional merit is the fact that the demand for it is constantly increasing. No one who uses this incomparable dressing thinks of trying any other preparation for the hair.

Queen Margherita's Views.

Queen Margherita of Italy holds the strictest Catholic views as to the nullity of both civil marriage and divorce. At the time when Signor Crispi first was in power, not only were his two divorced wives still living, but also Donna Lina's divorced husband. When at last Queen Margherita gave way to the pressure put on her to admit Donna Lina to court, she did so in these words: "Very well! Tell Signor Crispi I will receive his wife, but I will receive only one of them, and it must always be the same one!"

Real Enjoyment.

Simmons—You laughed at that dreary old yarn of Mudge's as if you really enjoyed it.

Timmins—I did really enjoy it. It is one of my own jokes.—Indianapolis Journal.

Over Thirty Years Without Sickness.

Mr. H. WETTSTEIN, a well-known, enterprising citizen of Byron, Ill., writes: "Before I paid much attention to regulating the bowels, I hardly knew a well day; but since I learned the evil results of constipation, and the efficacy of

AYER'S
Pills, I have not had one day's sickness for over thirty years—not one attack that did not readily yield to this remedy. My wife had been, previous to our marriage, an invalid for years. She had a prejudice against cathartics, but as soon as she began to use Ayer's Pills her health was restored."

AYER'S
Cathartic Pills
Medal and Diploma at World's Fair.
To Restore Strength, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

P.P.P.
(LIPPMAN'S GREAT REMEDY)

This great remedy is indorsed by physicians, and prescribed by them all over the world.

Positively guaranteed to cure the most stubborn cases. The formula is published plainly on every bottle. As a tonic it is

Superior
TO ALL
Sarsaparillas

For Female Complaints and building up run-down systems it acts like magic. Try a bottle and be convinced.

READ THE TRUTH

EXTRACT FROM BOOK OF TESTIMONIALS.

"Was a rheumatic sufferer for 18 months. Derived no benefit from physicians, treatment at Mineral Wells, Tex., or Hot Springs, Ark. My doctor declared my condition hopeless, but as a last resort received P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy. Through its use I am to-day a well man."
W. F. TIMMINS,
of Timmins & Hines, Leading Grocers, Waxahachie, Tex.
Indorsed by B. W. FEAKENS, Druggist.

"P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, cured me of difficult breathing and palpitation of the heart. Had not slept on either side for two years; now I sleep soundly in any position."
A. M. RAMSAY, De Leon, Tex.

"Sworn to and subscribed before me."
J. M. LAMBERT, Notary Public.

"Suffered for years with a disagreeable eruption on my face. Various remedies failed to remove it. Three bottles of P. P. P., Lippman's Great Remedy, completely cured me."
CAPT. J. D. JOHNSON, Savannah, Ga.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

LIPPMAN BRO'S, PROPRIETORS,
LIPPMAN'S BLOCK—SAVANNAH, GA.

CURES
DYSPEPSIA
CATARRH
MALARIA
KIDNEY—
TROUBLES
PIMPLES
BLOTCHES
& OLD SORES
BLOOD—
POISONING
RHEUMATISM
SCROFULA &c.
A
WONDERFUL
REMEDY.
SEND FOR BOOKLET.

IS YOUR NERVE GONE?

Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets Will Restore Nerves, Brain, Blood and Muscles to Health and Vigor.

The Kola nut has been used for centuries by the natives of the Congo and Soudan as a food and preventer of fatigue.

Dr. Charcot, after endorsing authority on nervous troubles, compounded a prescription from Kola which works wonders in the cure of all nervous diseases and a most invigorator for the blood.

Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are prepared by the above mentioned prescription from the Kola especially imported from Western Africa.

Kola is not a cure-all. It is a food for nerves, brain and muscles and a tonic for the blood.

Kola Nervine Tablets are absolutely certain and speedy in their effects. They cure all nervous diseases, prevent fatigue, renew failing vigor, give health to the whole system.

Kola Nervine Tablets cures sleeplessness and the nervous troubles from which sleeplessness arises. They are specific in cases of nervous prostration.

The druggists say the demand for the Tablets is astonishing. Kola is what the debilitated want.

Thousands of packages have been sold. Good effects were felt at once.

Hundreds of letters say: "One package of the Tablets, costing $1.00, has done for me what physicians, who cost me $100, failed to do."

We absolutely guarantee that no harmful or secondary effects are felt from the use of the Kola Tablets.

Can you in justice to yourself, refuse to pay 50c for sure relief from neuralgia, bloodlessness, brain fatigue, sleeplessness, nervous dyspepsia and kola and all the evils resulting from a nervous condition? Ask yourself the question with all seriousness.

Dr. C. Sherwin is one of the best physicians in New England. He writes:

"Hotel Pelham, Boston, Dec. 6th, 1895.—Gentlemen: I am prescribing Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets for Nervousness, Insomnia, Dyspepsia and Kola with excellent results. I have no hesitation in stating that they are infallible in all forms of nervous diseases. Their invigorating properties are wonderful.

Yours truly, A. C. Sherwin, M. D.

Edward Everett Hale, D. D., the famous author of "The Man Without a Country," in an editorial in the Boston Commonwealth, and later in a personal letter, wrote thus:

"I have had a careful inquiry among the leading physicians and personal friends who have used them and in whom I have the utmost confidence, that Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are invaluable to thousands and all nervous diseases.

Edw. E. Hale."

Fifty Cents and $1.00 per box (one month's treatment). See Dr. Charcot's name on box. Kola Nervine Tablets for sale by druggists or sent direct. Parke's Chemical & Manufacturing Company, LaCrosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass.

N. G. Grandy & Co.
BROKERS
Agents for Woldrige's High Class
FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers; Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City, N. C.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER
2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.
☞Patching and mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

Protect Your Wife

and Children from poverty in case of your death by Insuring your Life in the STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, of Worcester Mass., one of the Oldest, Strongest and Most Reliable Nonforfeitable Dividend Paying Insurance Companies in the United States.

T. T. WHITCOMB,
Local Agent.
☞Also agent for the N. E. Mutual Accident Assurance Co., Boston, Mass. Elizabeth City, N. C.

Ripans Tabules.
Ripans Tabules cure nausea.
Ripans Tabules: at druggists.
Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.
Ripans Tabules cure headache.
Ripans Tabules cure flatulence.
Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.
Ripans Tabules assist digestion.
Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.
Ripans Tabules cure biliousness.
Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.
Ripans Tabules cure indigestion.
Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.
Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.
Ripans Tabules cure constipation.
Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.
Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.
Ripans Tabules cure liver troubles.

S. L. STORER & CO.,
Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
Fresh Fish,

Lobster, Turtle, &c.,
No. 19, Fulton Fish Market,
NEW YORK.
☞If your Stencil is not in good order let us know. We employ no agents and pay no commissions.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS
WHOLEVALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND

DEALERS IN FISH,
Richmond Va,

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited and proceeds remitted in cash. On account of intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market

A. W. HAFF,
Successor to
Lanphear & Haff,
Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish, Lobsters,
Etc., Etc:
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK.
North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
☞Agents.

WILLIS H. ROGERS,
Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER
106 FULTON MARKET,
New York
North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
Stencils furnished at a moment's notice
Reference—Harkin & Co., Bankers Beth City, N C, and other Financial ones when desired

L. W. Wright. John Dais
L. W. Wright & Co.,
Wholesale Commission Dealers in all
—Kinds Of—
Fresh Fish,

Lobsters, Soft Crabs, Terrapin, Etc.,
105 Fulton Maeket, N. Y.
SOUTHERN SHAD A SPECIALTY.
Consignments Solicited,
Prompt Return

Caleb Haley & Co.
Wholesale Commission Dealers and
—Shippers of—
FRESH FISH,

14 FULTON FISH MARKET,
New York.
☞Write for Stencils and Stationary

We Employ Young Men
to distribute our advertising matter, which will be well rewarded. Write for particulars.
Young Ladies employed on the same terms.
ACME CYCLE COMPANY,
ELKHART, IND.

MEMPHIS, TENN, Oct. 3, 1895.
Acme Cycle Co., Elkhart, Ind.
DEAR SIRS:—Yours of the 1st inst to hand; also the Acme Bell for my daughter, and to say that she is delighted with it would be putting it too mild. I had the wheel sent out to Seminary, and at the close of school, it created mere excitement among the girls than the proverbial "Mary's Little Lamb." Again thanking you for the nice wheel, I am, yours truly, R. W. Harris, Vice-Pres. and Gen. Mgr. Delta Cotton Co.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 12, 1895.
Acme Cycle Co., Elkhart, Ind.
DEAR SIRS:—The Acme Light Roadster came to hand O. K. on the 10th inst., and I must frankly say it meets my fullest expectations, and I am very much pleased with it. I consider it a strictly high grade up-to-date wheel in every detail of design, material, construction and finish, and is fully equal, if not superior to many of the best $100.00 wheels sold on the market here. I believe the Acme frame is the strongest and the most rigid and the most graceful and lightest frame built. It is a beauty among beauties and cannot fail to satisfy. Yours truly, Charles T. Keetch, Rec. Sect. Ohio Association Union Ex-Prisoners of the War

Peanut Planters!
Only Successful Ones Made
Nearly 2000 In Use.
PRICES REDUCED
To Suit the Times.

Where inconvenient to order through Local Agent, send direct to Patentee and Manufacturer,

J. R. AYERS,
Petersburg, Va
Write for Circulars &c.

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OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Hathaway Bros.

The Reliable Jewelers,

have the best quality and best known Bicycle on earth.

"The Victor"

Leads The Day, Standing Up

UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES.

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Iron Works

—AND—

Supply House.

Machine Shop & Foundry,

MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS

Made and Repaired.

Steamboat & Mill Work a Specialty.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

We are prepared to do Saw-Mill and Steamboat work and General Machine and Foundry work of all descriptions. Our tools consists of 16 to 48 inch Lathes and can turn Shafts 16 feet long. Planers 42 by 42 inches by 16 feet long.

We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, Wastes, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packings, Lubricators, Steam Guages, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. And are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

For further information, address,

J. H. PARTRIDGE,

P. O. Box 220. Manager.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—Charles C. Pool; Commissioners—Palemon John, Thomas A. Commander, Alson B. Seeley Jr. Frank Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Charles A. Banks; Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb; Constable and Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioners, Allen Kramer and Fred. H. Zeigler.

Collector of Customs—Jas. C. Brooks.

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts

CHURCHES.

Methodist: J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, C. S. Blackwell, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, I. H. Johnston, pastor.

COLORED.—Methodist, H. B. Pettigrew, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, J. A. Faulk, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, J. C. Coleman pastor. Antioch, Presbyterian, S. P. Smith, pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge No. 217, Dr. W. W. Griggs, W. M.; L. W. Brother, S. W.; E. F. Lamb, J. W.; D. B. Bradford, Sec'y; Moses Weisel Treas. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; F. L. Garrett, N. G.; C. W. Belanga, V. G.; J. D. Sykes, Rec. Secr'y; W. F. Murden, Financial Sec'ry; W. W. Morrisett, Treasurer; E. F. Sawyer, S. P. G. Talula Encampment No. 8; E. F. Sawyer, C. P.; W. W. Morrisett, H. P.; Monroe Bright, S. W.; C. W. Belanga, J. W.; F. L. Garrett, Scribe; J. F. Sanders, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; N. R. Parker, Regent; N. Underwood, Vice Regent; C. Gunkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Lamb, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; C. M. Burgess, Sachem; C. W. Belanga, Sr. Sagamore; J. P. Simpson, Jr. Sagamore; J. D. Hathaway, Prophet; C. C. Barnard, C. of R.; S. H. Murrell, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, chairman; Fred Wilmhurst, Frank Weeks, Joseph E. Harrell and Frank Godfrey.

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Examiner, Gaston Pool.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.

Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.

Select School, L. N. Tillett, Principal.

State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

Hotels

New Albemarle House

Mr. & Mrs. SAWYER Props,

Cor. Main and Road Streets, Elizabeth City, N. C. First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 per day.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well established Hotel offers first-lass accommodations to travefers.

FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

SEEDS 12 pkt's Flower 10c. 12 pkt's Vegetable 30c. 6 Dahlias 50c. 10 Gladiolus 30c. All $1. Half 50c. Price List FREE. BEST—CHEAPEST B. F. BURT, Taunton, Mass.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, May 20, 1896.

☞Fair prospect for good grape crop.

☞A good stand of cotton is reported.

☞Potatoes and corn are growing rapidly.

☞The work on the Dismal Swamp Canal is going on.

☞Our farmers are diversifying more than ever before, and the results will be to their gain.

☞The action of the State Convention is heartily endorsed by the great mass of Republicans in all this section.

☞While the shipment of peas has been large, we regret to learn that the profits to our truckers have been small.

☞Letters of congratulation continue to reach us, and with them a number of new subscriptions. These added evidences of confidence are appreciated.

☞Wheeler Martin is the Republican nominee for Elector in the First District, and Joseph J. Martin in the Second. Son and father! Hurrah for the Martins! Both good men.

☞Among the young Republicans coming to the front in this District is Isaac M. Meekins, of Columbia. He is a young man of ability with bright prospects before him.

☞McKinley is now assured of a large majority of delegates, 573 already elected. The total number of delegates, 922; necessary to a choice, 462.

☞Among the newly licensed "M. D's" by the State Board of Medical Examiners last week were Isaiah Fearing of Elizabeth City, and E. W. Lister and J. W. Lister of this county.

☞"A Constant Reader" writes: "The predictions of the CAROLINIAN in regard to the District and State Conventions having come true, please tell us what will be done at St. Louis?" That isn't hard to do. William McKinley will be nominated.

☞The editor of the CAROLINIAN repeats that having had his "say" on the matters decided at the District Convention—decided to his entire satisfaction—he is willing to cancel old accounts and start anew in a united effort to hold the District, save the Legislature and redeem the State!

☞Notwithstanding the fact that an immense amount of lumber has been and is being manufactured at this place, the supply of mill timber is far from being exhausted. But because of the Democratic tariff law there is no profitable market for logs or lumber.

☞Remarked a prominent citizen of Raleigh to us at the State Convention the other day: "I never saw a finer looking body of men than here assembled; and what impresses me is the fact of so many young men from so many parts of the State being delegates. It is an evidence that the Republican party in North Carolina is increasing in numbers and growing in strength."

☞It was pleasantly gratifying to us to once more meet so many of our political friends from all parts of the State at Raleigh last week, some of them having met with us at nearly every State Convention during the past twenty-four years; and while we all had our preferences as to candidates, we were all united in the determination to continue the fight against the common enemy—the Bourbon Democracy. Then, too, it was encouraging to meet so many recruits from the Democratic party—many of its ablest and best men coming over and joining the party on whose banner is inscribed Progress, Protection and Prosperity. In personnel, in intelligence, in ability and in numbers this Convention surpassed all previous ones.

☞"All things come to him who waits," was the remark of a person the other day, who looked as he had been waiting in vain a long time for the coatmaker, the laundress and even the barber, proving that the adage has its limitations. Patience with persistent industry is a virtue. The man who does his best in some vocation can wait with confidence. That sort of patience which leads a man to wait with folded hands, to shirktoil and effort, to spend his days in the resorts of loafers in discussing national finances when those dependent upon him need food and clothes is really slothfulness—a vice, almost a crime, instead of a virtue. He is not a patient waiter for an opportunity, but a striker, seeking to escape doing the part which belongs to him in the world's work. It is better to say that all things—that is all needful things—come to him who works early and late.

☞Boys! didn't the CAROLINIAN tell you so?

☞Old Pictures Copied and Enlarged at Zoeller's, Water street.

☞Dr. Abner Alexander, of Tyrrell, received 72 votes for State Auditor.

☞See Fowler & Co.'s Counterpanes and Blankets before buying.

☞The First District stood 29 for Russell and 5 for Dockery at the State Convention.

☞At cost and less thae cost, balance stock of Hardware, Paints, Crockery &c., to make room for other goods at the Fair.

☞To keep up with the newest 1896 styles it is necessary to trade at Moses Weisel's.

☞The State Convention crushingly "sot down" on the bolters. They wer anti-Russellites.

☞We have taken the agency for fine Clothing made to order by Wanamaker & Brown, Philadelphia. A fit guaranteed. The styles are correct and prices reasonable.

☞A $1 kid glove for 75c, and a $1.25 kid gloye for $1 at Moses Weisel's

☞In the Perquimans contest case at Raleigh the main witness was too ill to appear before the Committee at the hour of the hearing, and hence no minority report was mrde.

☞Young ladies can plume themselves on the styles of Weisel's Millinery.

☞See the new style in Trimmings, and the handsome line of Buttons at Moses Weisel's.

☞Whenever you are in need of nice beef, pork or fresh meat of any kind go to W. T. Davis's Meat Market, on Water street, near Main, where you will always find a full supply.

☞"Best they ever had taken," is what they say of Zoeller's Pictures.

☞Zoeller Life Size Crayon in Frame for $2.90 is his special offer during May.

☞When you want Photographing done go to Zoeller's, on Water street. He makes the best only.

☞Is your wall faded or discolored? If it is, go to THE FAIR and get some of the Wall Paper they are selling so cheap.

☞The price of corn at Norfolk 35 cents; in this market 32. Cotton, at Norfolk, good middling 7 7-8; middling, 7 1-16; good ordinary, 65-5. In this market, in the seed 2 3-4 cents

☞A thoroughly up-to-date line of Dress Goods at Moses Weisel's—everything that Fashion or good taste can call for.

☞Said the Raleigh "News and Observer:"

Palemon John, editor of the Elizabeth City North Carolinian, was on hand, voting for Russell, and turning down the Dockery men every time. His newspaper brethren in Raleigh were glad to greet him.

☞CARPETS—Ingrain Carpets from 10c per yard up, and 1 pc heavy Rag Carpet 16c; bargains in small pieces and Remnants of Brussels and Ingrain Carpets at Fowler & Co.'s

——Why suffer with Coughs, Colds, and LaGrippe when LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE will cure you in one day. Does not produce the ringing in the head like Sulphate of Quinine. Put up in tablets convenient for taking. Guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Price 25 cents. For sale by W. W. Griggs & Son, and all other druggists, Elizabeth City.

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 5:50 and will set to-night at 7:02.—Mrs. W. W. Morrisett has returned from a visit to her daughter at Newport News, Va.—By Rev. W. E. Hocutt, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Abm. Haskett and Miss Gertrude Bailey were united in wedlock.—Dr. and Mrs. Lumsden have returned from their Southern trip.—Some poets don't seem to know write from wrong.—Hammocks are in demand.—"The preacher says there is no marryin' in Heaven," said little Ben. "Of course not. There wouldn't be enough men to go 'round" said little Mary.—Mr J. P. Coffield and family, of Edenton, have located here.—Screen doors are swinging.—Given the shake, the hand.—Saith the Versifier:

Give me a man with an aim,
Whatever that aim may be,
Whether its wealth or whether its fame,
It matters not to me.

—"What would you do," a West End young lady was asked, "if I should attempt to give you a kiss?" "I should certainly set my face against it," was her reply.—Mrs. Mat Baker and child, of Norfolk, are visiting her parents on Perse street.—Perfect children, a man without an enemy and the tattling tongue that tells the truth are exceptions.—The Elizabeth City Naval Reserve Minstrel Troup gave an entertainment at Edenton on Thursday night. They were given a cordial reception—Henry Blount, of Wilson, delivered his humorous lecture on "Beyond the Alps Lies Italy," at the Court House ou Thursday night.—Says the Gusher:

We sat in the same pew. I hung
In rapture on her charming frown.
I found the hymn, but neither sung,
I held the hymn book upside down.
And this he calls "blissful oblivion."

—It is said that there will soon be the ringing of the merry wedding bells.—Misses Pauline Sheep and Bessie Askew have returned from a visit to friends at Moyock.—The $2,500 Organ for the Baptist Church has arrived. t will be put up by an expert from the factory.—The first shipment of hot-bed sash ever made from Elizabeth City was from the Mills of Kramer Bros, & Co. last week.—It was at a second-class restaurant. "Haven't you any napkins?" inquired a man who had ordered a lunch. "No, we havn't got any," replied the landlord, "but if you want to wipe your nose I'll lend you my handkerchief."—Messrs. Jacob Salomonsky and Wesley Williams attended the annual meeting of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows at Goldsboro last week. They were delegates from Achoree Lodge of this place.—The Fourth of July celebration continues to be agitated.—The following case of misinterpretation is reported; "What superb teeth she has!" "Yes, but they are false." "Why do you think so?" "She told my sister she inherited them from her mother"—The "Ladies' Guild" of the Episcopal Church held an Ice Cream festival at the Albemarle House on Friday night.—Miss Narcissa Sawyer is visiting her sister, Mrs. L. F. Zeigler, at Edenton.—"You should not worry so much about dress," said a Fearing street hubby, 'set your mind on higher things." Wifey's reply was: "I had set my mind on higher things than you seem willing to buy for me."—Mr. Jesse R. Brown is having a handsome new residence erected on the site of the one recently destroyed by fire on Church street.—Miss Fanny Dawson is again off to Baltimore to undergo a surgical operation—Writes the Poet:

New occasions teach new duties,
Time makes ancient good uncouth,
They must upward still and onward,
Who would keep ahead of Truth.

—"Ain't these sweet apple blossoms, mama?" asked little Tommy. "Yes, Tommy." "And isn't it funny, mama, how they can grow into such sour apples?"—Work on new buildings continues.—When asked what sort of capacity a man has, it is well enough to know whether it has reference to stomach or brain.—It has been suggested that the front of a bicycle should be called "Pride," for often it goeth before a fall.—Iced tea is again one of the luxuries.—Live but one day at a time, if you wish to live long.—Says the Rhymster:

It shows some sense of what awaits,
A saving trepidation,
When Democratic candidates
Decline the nomination.

—Eggs were never so low in Elizabeth City, down the other day to six cents a dozen, wholesale.—The palatial residence of Mr. C. H. Robinson, on Main street, is being handsomely repainted.—Dr. P. John and Hon. Geo. W. Cobb returned from Raleigh on Saturday.—Messrs Wilson Sawyer, of South Mills, and D. D. Raper, of Edenton, called and paid their respects on Monday.—The Dredge has yet about 500 feet to finish on Tiber Creek. Judging from past progress, it will take a week or two more to get through.—Rev. L. L. Williams and Hon. J. W. Albertson are off to attend the Episcopal Council in session at Wilmington.—A refreshing rain last night.

MARVELOUS RESULTS.

From a letter written by Rev. J Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist Church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little intermission and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results. Trial bottles free at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug Store. Regular size 50c, and $1.

Unappreciated.

She was a nice old lady, with spectacles, and she got on at Adams Basin and took the seat by my side.

She had the programme of a W. C. T. U. convention in her haud, which she consulted occasionally, with the evident fear that she was going to be late at the morning session. She looked so nice and kindly, and as though she must be some fellow's dear old aunt or grandmother, yet so evidently ill at ease, that I wanted to talk to her, but hardly knew how to begin.

Just then the trainman called out: "South Greece! South Greece!" and I remarked that I thought the name of the station seemed very funny, it opened up such possibilities of "West Jerusalem," "North Pisa" or "East Capernaum."

I thought that it was a pretty bright thing to say, but the dear old lady never smiled. She just gazed at me over her spectacles as one who was glad to give from her store of knowledge what she could, and she said solemnly and kindly: "The name may seem peculiar, but the reason they call this station South Greece is because, about four miles away on the County Line road, there is another village called Greece Centre, and they have to call this station South Greece to tell them apart," and the sweet faced old lady, with the self satisfied look of one who has imparted useful information and done a kindness by the wayside, resumed the study of her programme, and I haven't tried to say a funny thing since, except once, when my wife asked me if her hat was on straight, which the same also was a failure.—New York Sun.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

☞We have arranged with one of the largest Publishing Houses in the country by which we can furnish a copy of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, revised and enlarged, latest edition, and a copy of the CAROLINIAN for $3, postage prepaid.

"Ten people out of a dozen are invalids," says a recent medical authority. At least eight out of these ten, it is safe to allow, are suffering fromsome form of blood disease which persistent use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla would be sure to cure. Then, don't be an invalid

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Trick In Making Change.

A curious incident occurred in a Paris restaurant the other day. A high official, happening to be in the Montmartre district about dinner time, walked into a restaurant frequented much by foreigners, and took his dinner there, his bill amounting to 8 francs. When calling the waiter to pay for his meal, he handed him a 20 franc goldpiece, which the waiter put into his mouth, as is the custom of the Paris waiters. Making change, he only gave him 2 francs. The gentleman looked up and said: "Beg your pardon, I want 12 francs and not 2 francs." "Excuse me, sir," said the waiter. "You gave me a 10 franc piece. See?" And therewith he took from between his lips a smaller gold coin, showing it to the gentleman. The official, considerably wrought up for being taken for a fool, without any warning gave the waiter such a slap in the face that the 20 franc piece given him fell out of his mouth and rolled across the room. The gentleman got his change, and purposely forgot to tip the waiter, who had received quite a setback by the "striking" argument of the guest.—Paris Letter.

FIRST-CLASS BRICK: The Thompson Brick Works manufucture the best Brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G. Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N. C.

LEFT

—ARE THE—

PEOPLE

who don't take advantage at once of our special sale of

Spring and Summer CLOTHING.

McGabe & Grice,

Leading Merchants and Hustlers,

WATER STREET,

Elizabeth City, N. C

WE H VE

FOUND SOMETHING VERY GOOD

An old time saying tells us that goods rightly bought are half sold. That is why we tell you now of how we bought the items below at undervalue prices. Thus you may know that having bougut at the lowest price we can sell likewise.

1896 STYLES

in Kiakasilks, worth 40c, our price 24c per yard. 1896 styles in linen effects from 10c per yard up. Up-to-date styles in Tussah Silk at 10c the yard. Kid Gloves, all sizes, in black and colors, 79c the pair, worth $1. Kid Gloves, all sizes, in black and colors, at $1, guaranteed, worth $1.25. 20th Century (up-to-date) 1896 Shoes for Ladies and Misses.

CLOTHING

for Men and Boys and Children in the newest and up-to-date paterns, cuts, &c., &c., at prices to suit everyone.

MILLINERY

Department is complete in every detail of 1896 styles known to the best informed.

Moses Weisel.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

WATER STREET.

Great Bargains in CLOTHING.

I want to announce to the readers of the "Carolinian" that I am the

LEADER OF LOW PRICES

in Clothing in Elizabeth City. I am prepared to offer great bargains to any and all who need a pair of Pants, a Vest, a Coat or anything in the Clothing line. Call and examine goods.

F. PRUSCHANSKIN,

Water St., Elizabeth City, N. C

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

Commencement next week.

James E. Skinner has opened a grocery store on Poindexter street.

John K. Berry returned to Norfolk Monday after a brief visit to relatives here.

Rev. Hicks, of Plymouth, occupied the pulpit of Mt. Lebanon Church on Sunday.

Quite a number of persons from Newbern passed through on Saturday en route North.

The burial of Geo. Speyden, who died suddenly of heart failure, took place on Thursdry last.

S. F. Lane attended the Commencement of Waters' Normal Institute at Winton last week.

The public school closed on last Friday. The closing exercises were held on Thursday evening and were commendable.

The May Pole will be braided and unbraided to-morrow night in the rear of Mt. Lebanon Church. Proceeds go to Trinity Mission.

Fletcher Post G. A. R. has arranged its program for Memorial Day. Prof. Earle will deliver the address.

The Roanoke Missionary Baptist Association opened in New Bethel Church, Perquimans county, yesterday. Ye reporter and others from here are attending.

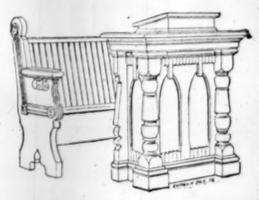
We acknowledge an invitation to be present at the State Normal School Commencement Exercises beginning on Friday night. An interesting and elaborate program has been arranged and promises to surpass all previous efforts. The following is the order of exercises: Friday evening, address before Lyceum, by Rev. W. W. Ryan, of Windsor; Sunday, Baccalaureate Sermon, by Rev. S. P. Smith; Monday evening, Preparatory Class; Tuesday evening, Junior Class; Wednesday evening, Middle Class; Thursday evening, Annual Address by Hon. Geo. H. White, of Newbern; Friday evening, Graduating Exercises and Address by Prof. Charles F. Meserve, A. M., President of Shaw University.

Wake up your liver but be sure you take Simmons Liver Regulator to do it with—it will do it every time, and do it so well that you'll feel wonderfully refreshed and strengthened. It is Simmons Liver Regulator that does it. There is only one Simmons Liver Regulator, and you'll know it by the Red Z on the package. Take nothing else, and you'll be sure to get all the good health promised.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilbains Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth



Kamer Bros. & Co.,

(INCORPORATED)

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

KILN & AIR DRIED

LUMBER

—AND—

Building Material

Truck Boxes

—AND—

CRATES

Now is the time to place your order or the latter for the Spring Shipping

Do you want to be in it?

The bicycle business is growing enormously—why not try it? You can buy one wheel, or as many as you like, and sell your friends

BICYCLES AT COST.

An order sent now entitles you to a big discount. Apply quick for the agency for your place. Our wheels are the highest grade, most reliable bicycles made to-day.

Particulars and handsomely illustrated pricelist by mail.

CAGLE & SNYDER, Baltimore, Md.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.
Castoria cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.

Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.
Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.
Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.
Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."
See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Special to the "Carolinian."

It is a noted fact that our Wide-Awake Wholesale and Retail Grocery Man, W. J. Woodley, has now at the N. & S. R. R. Co.'s Depot Five (5) carloads of goods, bought at the very lowest prices for cash, and they have just arrived, and for the next 10 or 15 days Woodley says he is going to put out some of the cheapest goods that has ever been offered in Elizabeth City. Low in price and high in quality; such as Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Meat of all kind, Lard—both Pure and Compounded Cottolene—Butter, Cheese, Syrup and Molasses, Soaps of all Grades, Starch, Star Lye, Pearline, Gold Dust, Condensed Milk, Rex Baking Powder, Matches, Oils of all kinds,

Woodley's Wholesale Department is complete and well arranged for business. He is paying special attention to the Jobbing business during the busy season. Country Merchants will save money if they will read this article and not stop until they see for themselves that they can buy nearly everything in the Grocery line a little lower of Woodley than at any other place in Eastern North Carolina. He has also arranged to handle Fish Salt, Fish Barrels and N. C. Cut Herrings largely this season; write for prices.

Address W. J. WOODLEY,

No. 138 and 140 Water St.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & Co.'s

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualites at Fowler & Co.'s

Clothing.

Fowler & Co. are offering some Special Bargains in lothing. Some heavy weight or Winter lothing will be sold for about half their value.

Fowler & Co.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

SALOMONSKY

IS

Is Selling Out

his stock of Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Cottons, etc. regardless of Cost.

DIVERS.

There are various kinds of Divers, but, generally speaking, the tendency of them all is downwards. That is the case with our prices. They are down, way down, while we have goods to suit thick pocketbooks and thin pocketbooks, quality considered.

Our Prices are At the Bottom.

Our methods of buying and our methods on selling, both enable us to quote you prices which cannot be duplicated. ew Spring goods coming in; Dress Goods in all the latest styles; lothing in great variety; Hats and aps of the best make and style; you can save money by examining our stock. We buy for cash and sell for cash; no long time prices.

THE FAIR,

WATER ST. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS.

No. 1854—Surrey Harness, Price $14.50. As good as sells for $20.

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 30 styles of Harness, 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $55. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons $31 to $50. Send for large catalogue.

No. 723—Price, with lamps, sun-shade, apron and fenders, $66.00. As good as sells for $90.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

Cripple

The iron grasp of scrofula has no mercy upon its victims. This demon of the blood is often not satisfied with causing dreadful sores, but racks the body with the pains of rheumatism until Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

"Nearly four years ago I became afflicted with scrofula and rheumatism

Made

Running sores broke out on my thighs. Pieces of bone came out and an operation was contemplated. I had rheumatism in my legs, drawn up out of shape. I lost appetite, could not sleep. I was a perfect wreck. I continued to grow worse and finally gave up the doctor's treatment to

Well

take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon appetite came back; the sores commenced to heal. My limbs straightened out and I threw away my crutches. I am now stout and hearty and am farming, whereas four years ago I was a cripple. I gladly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." URBAN HAMMOND, Table Grove, Illinois.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1 Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Her Whistling Larynx.

The examination by medical experts of Eva W. Spear, the eight-year-old daughter of W. H. Spear, of New Haven, Conn., who has attracted a great deal of attention on account of a peculiar formation of the throat known as a whistling larynx, was postponed to-day, as some of the physicians who desire to investigate the case could not be present.

Medical men, musical men and several prominent specialists have asked to be allowed to investigate the case. A well-known music teacher states that she has a range in her whistling of two and a half octaves. The only other case on record is that of a woman who has a range of one and a half octaves.

Mr. Spear's daughter can whistle with her mouth closed, and does not use her lips, tongue or cheeks in whistling. She has had this strange power since she was two years old, and music teachers believe that she will develop wonderful ability as a whistler. The peculiar formation of the larynx does not affect the child in any way. She has always been strong and vigorous.—New York Herald.

Where Splints Are Made.

Down below the Santa Fe roundhouse, near the railroad tracks, is a factory unlike any other in the United States, or, for that matter, anywhere else. It makes splints for the use of surgeons in bandaging broken limbs, from a peculiar fibrous material that possesses especial adaptability for the purpose. This material is the wood of the yucca palm, which grows plentifully on the Mojave desert. The trees are cut down and trimmed into logs about ten or twelve feet long, and from ten inches upward in diameter, and shipped to the factory, where they are stripped of bark and carefully inspected. The logs are sawed up into suitable lengths, a length put into a lathe and a long knife is pressed against it, taking off a shaving about one-eighth of an inch thick, more or less, according to the use to be made of it. This long shaving or board is then cut into smaller pieces and put away in racks to dry, for the trees are cut up when green, it being impossible to soften them after they are dried.—Los Angeles (Cal.) Journal.

HER HAPPY DAY.

A CHARMING STORY OF MEDICINE AND MARRIAGE.

Two Open Letters From a Chicago Girl —How Happiness Came to Her.

Among the tens of thousands of women who apply to Mrs. Pinkham for advice and are cured, are many who wish the facts in their cases made public, but do not give permission to publish their names for reasons as obvious as in the following, and no name is ever published without the writer's authority; this is a bond of faith which Mrs. Pinkham has never broken.

Chicago, Jan. 8th, '95.

My dear Mrs. Pinkham—A friend of mine, Mrs. ——, wants me to write you, because she says "you did her so much good." I am desperate. Am nineteen years of age, tall, and weighed 138 pounds a year ago. I am now a mere skeleton. From your little book I think my trouble is profuse menstruation. My symptoms are * * * * etc.

Our doctor (my uncle) tells father that I am in consumption, and wants to take me to Florida. Please help me! Tell me what to do, and tell me quickly. I am engaged to be married in September. Shall I live to see the day? * * * *

LUCY E. W.

Chicago, June 16th, '95.

My dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

This is a happy day. I am well and gaining weight daily, but shall continue the treatment and Vegetable Compound during the summer, as you suggest. Uncle knows nothing about what you have done for me, because it would make things very unpleasant in the family. I would like to give you a testimonial to publish, but father would not allow it. * * * * I shall be married in September, and as we go to Boston, will call upon you. How can I prove my gratitude? * * * *

LUCY E. W.

Just such cases as the above leak out in women's circles, and that is why the confidence of the women of America is bestowed upon Mrs. Pinkham.

Why are not physicians more candid with women when suffering from such ailments?

Women want the truth, and if they cannot get it from their doctor, will seek it elsewhere.

N Y N U—20

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

NEW JERSEY WOOD AFIRE

Flaming Forests Surround and Threaten a Powder Mill.

CRANBERRY BOGS DESTROYED.

Fires Rage Close to Many Tons of Powerful Explosives---Employes Fought Them Bravely for a Day and a Night ---Fine Woodland Burned Over---A Hundred Thousand Dollars' Damage.

DOVER, N. J., May 14.—The employes and officers of the American Forcite Powder Company's mill at Landing, nine miles from here, are resting after a two days' fight with a forest fire, which they feared might possibly reach the mill. The company's plant includes over sixty small wooden buildings. About five tons of powder are stored in two magazines.

Woods surround the hamlet on all sides. Forest fires were raging in many parts of New Jersey, and the powder company's men discovered a blaze not much more than a mile away. The Superintendent at once gathered all the available men and boys in the neighborhood, to the number of about 100, and went out with them to fight the flames.

They worked with axes, shovels and brooms all night and part of the next day. They thought that they had succeeded in beating out the flames, but the fire sprang up again during the afternoon. All hands went to work again and had an anxious night, as at one time the fire had reached within a quarter of a mile of the powder works.

Ground in the neighborhood of the works was cleared and cautiously burned over. All the buildings were kept sprinkled with water, of which an abundant supply is obtained from Lake Hopatcong. Women and children were hurried away over the bridge to safety.

The men had pretty well succeeded in beating out the flames when morning broke, and by 9 o'clock all possible danger was averted. The wind had shifted, too, so that if any smouldering fire should break out again it would blow away from the powder works.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 14.—The forest fires have burned over a large portion of the lower part of Atlantic County. The weather has done much toward causing the flames to spread, as the trees are thoroughly dried by the sun and burn quickly and fiercely. The farmers and their help are still fighting the fire and many of them have not had much sleep since the flames broke out nearly a week ago. The flames burned fiercely in the vicinity of Penoma, along the line of the Camden and Atlantic Railroad. It is estimated that ten miles of land has been burned over. In Pleasant Mills the fires also raged fiercely. If rain does not come the farmers fear that the flames will spread toward thickly settled places and that heavy losses will result from the burning of buildings and other property.

CAPE MAY, N. J., May 14.—The forest fires in Cape May County have destroyed many cranberry bogs and ruined them. The fires in isolated parts of the county are still ablaze, and it is estimated that the loss in this county will foot up to a hundred thousand dollars. All New Jersey is drought stricken, and forest fires are sweeping unchecked in many sections of the State. Around Lake Hopatcong lie extensive chestnut woods, in which there is a heavy undergrowth, both fine fuel for the flames.

SPAIN ADMITS HER ERROR.

A New Trial to Be Granted to the Competitor's Men.

The findings of the Spanish court martial before which were tried the five men who were captured on the filibustering American schooner Competitor have just been published in Havana for the first time. As already cabled, all of the accused men were convicted and sentenced to death. It has been ordered that proceedings be instituted for the confiscation of the Competitor.

A dispatch from Madrid says that Spain and the United States have arrived at an amicable understanding regarding the men captured on the Competitor. The prisoners will be tried again, this time by a civil court, under the provisions of the existing treaties between the two countries.

The steamer Triton, from Bahia Honda, which has arrived at Havana, brought two prisoners who are alleged to have been on board the filibustering schooner Competitor, but managed to reach the shore when the schooner was attacked by the gunboat Mesgora. The prisoners were captured during a fight with a party of guerrillas. One of them is said to be an American and the other a Frenchman. They have been sent to the Cabanas Fortress. The American is named William Leavitt and the Frenchman Charles Barnet.

Florentino Herrera, convicted of the crime of rebellion, has just been shot at Matanzas.

HONORS TO HANCOCK'S MEMORY.

Equestrian Statue of the Hero of Gettysburg Unveiled in Washington.

The bronze equestrian statue of Major-General Winfield Scott Hancock was unveiled at the intersection of Pennsylvania and Louisiana avenues with Seventh and C streets, Washington. President Cleveland presided at the ceremony.

The statue is the work of Henry J. Ellicott, and represents Hancock as the sculptor saw him during the battle of Gettysburg. The bronze stands fourteen feet six inches from the plinth to the crown of the hat, surmounting an elaborate stone base nineteen feet high. The soldier's face wears an expression of calm determination and dignity.

The military parade from the White House down Pennsylvania avenue was led by Major-General Nelson A. Miles, commanding the Army, and marshaled by Brigadier-General John R. Brooke, commanding the Department of the Dakotas, both of whom won their first stars leading brigades under Hancock.

The Right Rev. Henry Y. Satterlee, Bishop of Washington, made the opening prayer, and then President Cleveland paid a high tribute to the distinguished soldier.

Cadet Glynn R. Hancock, of the Military Academy, a grandson of General Hancock, unveiled the statue, and Major-General John M. Palmer, of Illinois, delivered an oration.

Postal Receipts Increasing.

The gross receipts of the thirty largest postoffices of the United States for the month of April, 1896, as compared with 1895, were $2,836,030, against $2,662,915 in 1895, a net increase of $173,115. New York heads the list, with Chicago second, Philadelphia third, Boston fourth, and St. Louis fifth.

Wish Venezuela Matter Settled.

The British colony in Demerara are sending a protest to the British Government against the delay in the settlement of the boundary question with Venezuela, as local interests are suffering. An early settlement is urged, without sacrifice of territorial rights.

Foreigners in Our Navy.

Responding to a resolution, the Secretary of the Navy sent a letter to the United States Senate stating that of the 9533 blue jackets in the navy, 4480 are foreign born, and that 961 of the 2017 marines were also from outside the United States.

The National Game.

Lowe is hitting in the best form of any of the Boston players.

Breitenstein, of St. Louis, is still the king of the Southpaw twirlers.

For players to look after gates and count tickets interferes with team work.

A short right field in Washington is calculated to give the local batsmen some advantage this season.

Reach says the best natural players come from the vacant lots and need no education in the minor leagues.

Brouthers, of Philadelphia, has evidently a new lease of life. He is batting and fielding as well as when he was the star of the Detroit "Big Four."

One of the balls fouled by Doyle, of Baltimore, in Boston, fell into the overcoat pocket of a spectator.

Left-hand pitchers have been largely in evidence so far in the League campaign.

Nichols, of Boston, is perhaps the finest fielding pitcher, though Mercer, of the Washingtons, is a close second.

Pitcher Nichols, of the Bostons, thinks the Kansas Citys have one of the coming wonders of the country in Short Stop Viox.

Miss Kitty Baldwin, a Pittsburg mind reader, went into a trance the other day, and now says that the Philadelphias will win the penant.

The tendon in Meekin's arm that bothered him last season is completely cured, and New York's great pitcher has admirable control of the ball.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

Washington Items.

The President sent to the Senate the nomination of John C. Tarsney, of Missouri, to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Oklahoma. Mr. Tarsney was born in Michigan fifty-one years ago. He is an ex-Congressman from Kansas City. He was unseated in the present Congress.

The Comptroller of the Currency received notice of the failure of the First National Bank of El Reno, Oklahoma. The bank has a capital of $50,000, with liabilities about the same.

A test of armor under severe conditions made at the Indian Head Proving Grounds, near Washington, resulted successfully for the manufacturers, the Bethlehem Steel Company, of Bethlehem, Penn. The plate tested represented 600 tons of armor intended for the Russian Government.

President Parker, of the First National Bank of Cripple Creek, Col., arrived at Washington with the charred remnants of $17,000 in United States currency burned in the recent fire. Treasurer Morgan has set his experts to work with strong glasses, and hopes to be able to decipher some of the money so that it may be redeemed.

An unspoken speech by General Wheeler, of Alabama, was ordered by the House to be expunged from the Record.

In the Senate, the controversy between San Pedro and Santa Monica, Cal., for the establishment of a deep-sea harbor was ended by the adoption of a compromise.

Senators discussed the proposal to appropriate $3,000,000 for improving the harbor at Santa Monica, Cal.

Mavroyeni Bey, the Turkish Minister at Washington, has been recalled.

All the income tax returns made to the United States Treasury have been destroyed by a committee of clerks appointed for that purpose.

The President has approved the act directing the Secretary of the Navy to furnish four pieces of condemned cannon to the village of New Rochelle, N. Y.

Irvin Ford, a colored man, confessed that he murdered the girl Elsie Kreglo in the suburbs of Washington.

Domestic.

RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.	Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Philadel.	14	7	.667	Cincinnati	12	9	.571
Pittsburg	12	7	.632	Brooklyn	10	11	.476
Baltimore	13	8	.619	Washing'n	10	11	.476
Boston	13	8	.619	New York.	7	13	.350
Chicago.	13	9	.591	St. Louis.	7	15	.318
Cleveland	11	8	.579	Louisville.	3	19	.136

The town of Cottage Grove, Henry County, Tenn., was almost completely destroyed by a fire.

Mrs. Margaret Snyder, an old woman, was killed and Miss Myrtle Silverthorn was fatally hurt by being struck by a train at Footville, Wis. A tremendous hailstorm prevailed when the accident happened and the train could not be seen.

Mrs. Sarah Scofield, wife of a hotel-keeper at Armonk, was found dead in a brook near Mosholu Parkway, New York, with a wound on her forehead.

United States Minister to Turkey Terrell, who has been visiting his family at Austin, Texas, was called to Washington by a telegram from President Cleveland. Mr. Terrel, refuses to explain the cause of the summons, but it is understood that he will be sent to Turkey immediately.

The Rhode Island House of Representatives passed a bill requiring all railroad and steamboat companies to transport bicycles as baggage. Hitherto charges here for carrying wheels have been very high.

At Lexington, Ky., Miss Masie Todd was killed by an electric street car while riding her bicycle, purchased a week ago with the savings from her pin money. She was twenty years old, the youngest daughter of Dr. Lyman Beech Todd, and a cousin to Robert Todd Lincoln, son of President Lincoln.

At Dudley, Mass., Nora Perry, the authoress and poetess, died a few days ago after a brief illness. Nora Perry was born in Webster, Mass.

Miss Frankie Brewer, daughter of Associate Justice Brewer of the United States Supreme Court, died at San Antonio, Texas, of consumption.

Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein, dauzhter of Queen Victoria, was, at her own request, appointed a patroness of the New York School of Applied Design for Women.

The case of Mrs. Alice Fleming, charged with the murder of her mother, Mrs. Evelyn Bliss, was begun in General Sessions, New York City.

Henry C. Bunner, the editor of Puck, died from consumption at Nutley, N. J.

The Connecticut Society of the Sons of the American Revolution met in Hartford.

Forest fires raged in Atlantic and Cape May Counties, New Jersey. Hundreds of head of live stock were killed.

William McKay, a religious maniac, deluged his clothes with kerosene and burned himself to death in his room in Red Hook lane, Brooklyn. Annie Thorin, a Swiss servant, committed suicide in like manner.

Alderman Frederick Kruse, John Arno, Peter Kautenberger, Henry Wittee and Howard Heitter were probably fatally injured at Freeport, Ill., by the collapsing of a building. The men were at work on the third floor of the five-story structure when it fell in, burying them beneath the ruins in the basement.

James E. Bennett, schoolmaster of Sound Beach, Conn., attacked by an armed highwayman, saved his life by "scorching" on his bicycle.

Rudyard Kipling, the author, has his brother-in-law, Beatty S. Balestier, arrested for threatening to assault him in Brattleboro, Vt.

The street railway strikers and labor unions of Milwaukee, Wis., about 7000 strong, paraded the streets of the city Sunday. The men were orderly and no disturbance occurred. No street cars were run all day.

Ellen Murphy, sixty-eight years old, was killed in a drunken row in Durham, Conn. It was suspected that her son Clarence is the murderer.

Three men were killed and another was wounded in a fight over a woman in Calhoun County, Florida.

Chief William Shaw, of the New York City Fire Department, died from the injuries he received at a fire.

In a special charge to the Grand Jury at Camden, N. J., Judge Garrison plainly intimated that indictments should be found against former City Treasurer Michelon and several former Comptrollers. The city's treasury is said to be practically empty.

The Appellate Court decided that Mrs. Fleming, accused in New York City of the murder of her mother, was entitled to receive $85,000 of her father's estate.

Recorder Goff, of New York City, was reversed for the fifth time by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court annulling a judgment in an excise case.

A young and beautiful woman, who registered as "Mrs Everett, Boston," shot and killed herself in the Colonnade Hotel, New York City, under mysterious circumstances.

J. Watson Hildreth, one of the Rome (N. Y.) boy train wreckers, was convicted of murder in the second degree and sentenced to prison for life. His companions, Theodore Hibbard and Herbert Plato, pleaded guilty, and were sent to prison for forty years each.

Herbert S. Crowell, twenty-one years old son of George E. Crowell, of Brattleboro, Vt., shot himself through the heart in Mount Hermon, Me. Crowell entered the room of Winchell, a fellow student, who acted as starter of athletic contests, and asked to see the pistol used for that purpose. After the pistol was given to him he asked the calibre, and, being told that it was .32, he took a cartridge from his pocket, put it in the pistol, placed the weapon to his breast and fired.

The jury in the Hildreth case brought in a verdict at Rome, N. Y., of murder in the second degree. Hildreth is seventeen years old. He and three other boys on November 19 last wrecked a fast mail train on the Central Railroad.

Foreign Notes.

Earthquakes and hurricanes continue to do great damage and cause the loss of many lives in the mountain provinces of Ecuador.

General P. J. Joubert, Commander-in-Chief of the Transvaal forces and a member of the Executive Council, has been elected Vice-President of the Transvaal Republic.

A despatch from Berlin, Germany, says that forty persons were arrested for lese majesty during Emperor William's visit to Frankfort.

Spanish Liberals announced their purpose to support the Government's Cuban policy as declared in the speech from the throne.

The British Home Office refused to reopen the case of Mrs. Florence Maybrick, the convicted murderess.

In one day there were twenty-eight new cases of cholera in Alexandria, Egypt, and twenty-two deaths from the disease.

An order was issued by the British Admiralty for the dissolution of the flying squadron.

Emperor William of Germany celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of the treaty of Frankfort by paying a high tribute to Bismarck.

Kaiser Wilhelm of Germany, acting on the advice of Prince Hohenlohe, will not visit Cowes, England, this year.

THE MARKETS

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

20	MILK AND CREAM.	
Average daily receipts of the week, fluid milk, gals....		22,391
Condensed milk, gals.....		192
Cream, gals.....		670
	BUTTER.	
Creamery—Extras.....	@	16
Firsts.....	14½@	15
Thirds to seconds.....	11 @	14
State—Fancy.....	15 @	15½
Welsh tubs—Fancy.....	14½@	15
Western Im. Creamery.....	9½@	12
Western Dairy.....	9 @	11
Factory, firsts.....	9½@	10
	CHEESE.	
State—Fullcream, white, fancy	8½@	8¾
Full cream, good to prime..	7½@	8
State Factory—Part skims, large.....	2 @	5
Part skims, choice.....	5½@	6
Full skims.....	2 @	2½
	EGGS.	
State & Penn—Fresh.....	10½@	11
Jersey—Fancy.....	11 @	11½
Jersey—Prime to choice....	10 @	10½
Southern—Best.....	8 @	8½
Duck eggs, ₽ doz.....	— @	—
	BEANS AND PEAS.	
Beans—Marrow, 1895, choice.	— @	1 35
Medium, 1895, choice.....	— @	1 17½
Pea, 1895, choice.....	— @	1 15
Red kidney, 1895, choice...	— @	1 10
White kidney, 1895, choice.	— @	1 35
Black turtle soup, 1895.....	— @	1 25
Lima, Cal., 1895, ₽ 60 lbs..	— @	1 85
Green peas, bbls.....	— @	77½
	FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.	
Oranges, Cal., ₽ box.....	2 00 @	3 75
Grapes, Catawba, ₽ basket..	— @	—
State, ₽ basket.....	— @	—
Apples, Ben Davis, ₽ bbl....	3 00 @	4 50
Russet.....	2 50 @	3 00
Baldwin.....	2 50 @	3 51
Cranberries, Jersey, ₽ crate .	75 @	1 75
Strawberries, N. C., ₽ qt	10 @	17
	HOPS.	
State—1895, choice, ₽ lb.....	7½@	8
1895, common to fair.....	3½@	5½
Pacific Coast, choice.....	— @	7
Common to prime.....	3 @	6
Old odds, 1893.....	1½@	2½
	HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay—Prime, ₽ 100 lb.....	— @	1 05
Clover mixed.....	72½@	75
Straw—Long rye.....	95 @	1 10
Oat.....	55 @	65
	VEGETABLES.	
Potatoes, Southern, ₽ bbl....	3 00 @	6 00
Old, ₽ sack.....	50 @	1 25
Sweet, ₽ bbl.....	1 00 @	5 00
Cabbage, ₽ crate.....	1 00 @	2 00
Onions, old, ₽ bbl.....	25 @	1 50
Yellow, ₽ bbl.....	25 @	1 00
Squash, Fla., ₽ carrier.....	50 @	75
Celery, ₽ doz. stalks	10 @	1 00
Carrots.....	50 @	1 00
Turnips, Russia.....	50 @	75
Watercress, ₽ 100 bunches..	1 50 @	2 00
Rhubarb, ₽ 100 bunches.....	125 @	1 50
Lettuce, ₽ basket.....	50 @	1 00
Tomatoes, ₽ carrier.....	1 50 @	3 00
Green peas, ₽ basket.....	50 @	1 25
String beans, ₽ crate.....	50 @	2 00
Beets, ₽ crate.....	1 00 @	1 50
Kale, ₽ bbl.....	— @	1 00
Spinach, ₽ bbl.....	— @	2 00
Asparagus, ₽ doz bunches..	50 @	1 50
Radishes, ₽ bbl.....	50 @	1 50
Green peas, ₽ bushel.....	1 00 @	2 00
Cucumbers, ₽ crate.....	1 50 @	3 50
	LIVE POULTRY.	
Fowls, ₽ lb.....	— @	10
Spring chickens, ₽ lb.....	17 @	22
Roosters, old, ₽ lb.....	— @	6
Turkeys, ₽ lb.....	8 @	10
Ducks, ₽ pair.....	60 @	85
Geese, ₽ pair.....	75 @	1 00
Pigeons, ₽ pair.....	25 @	40
	DRESSED POULTRY.	
Turkeys, ₽ lb.....	10 @	12
Chickens, Phila., fair.....	12 @	14
Western, dry picked.....	9½@	10
Fowls, ₽ lb.....	9½@	10
L. I. Spring ducks, ₽ lb.....	20 @	22
Geese, ₽ lb.....	— @	—
Squabs, ₽ doz.....	1 50 @	2 50
	GRAIN, ETC.	
Flour—City Patents.....	4 30 @	4 50
Spring Patents.....	3 75 @	4 05
Wheat—No. 2 Red.....	@	77½
July.....	— @	70½
Corn—No. 2.....	@	35½
Oats—No. 2 White.....	24½@	25
Track, White.....	24½@	28
Rye—No. 2, Western.....	44¼@	44½
Barley—Feeding.....	37½@	38
Seeds—Timothy, ₽ 100.....	3 50 @	4 00
Clover.....	6 75 @	8 25
Lard—City steam.....	— @	4 50
	LIVE STOCK.	
Beeves, city dressed.....	6 @	7¼
Milch cows, com. to good ..	— @	—
Calves, city dressed.....	5 @	7½
Country dressed.....	4 @	6
Sheep, ₽ 100 lbs.....	— @	4 10
Lambs, ₽ 100 lbs.....	— @	—
Hogs—Live, ₽ 100 lbs.....	3 60 @	4 00
Dressed.....	— @	—

OLDEST FREEMASON DEAD.

Dr. William Salmon Ends His Long Career Aged 106.

A cable despatch from London announces the death of Dr. William Salmon, the oldest Freemason in the world.

Few men can show such a record as that of Dr. William Salmon, of Penlynn Court, Glamorganshire, Wales. He claimed to be the oldest Freemason in the world, and for fifty years was a magistrate for Glamorganshire. He was a native of Suffolk, where he was born in 1790, and migrated to Cowbridge with his father eight years later. He had a fine estate there, which came to him by marriage. When he entered on his 106th year Mr. Gladstone sent "sincere wishes for here and hereafter."

Dr. Salmon had eight children, of whom only one—a daughter—survives. He used to rise every day at noon, dine at six o'clock and went to bed at nine. He had not smoked since he was ninety, nor had he been out for a drive since his 100th year. He was educated as a physician, but never practised, and spent much of his earlier life in foreign travel. He was on the Continent in the stirring days of Waterloo, and possessed a great fund of interesting historical anecdote.

Condition of Winter Wheat.

The May returns of the statistical division of the Department of Agriculture on the condition of winter wheat shows an increase of 5.6 points above the April average, being 82.7, against 77.1 last month and 82.9 in May, 1895. The averages in nine principal winter wheat States are: Pennsylvania, 64; Ohio, 55; Michigan, 90; Indiana, 85; Kentucky, 77; Illinois, 99; Missouri, 81; Kansas, 96; California, 100. Excepting in a few States there has been general improvement in the condition of winter wheat throughout the country. The condition of winter rye on May 1 was 87.7 per cent, of barley, 89.2.

Indians Take the Gold Cure.

Fifty Osage Indians who have displayed an extraordinary fondness for whisky and its effects are now taking the gold cure at Perry, Oklahoma, and hope soon to become good Indians. Most of them are wealthy, own large property interests and are powerful in the tribe, but their indulgence in the white man's fire water has almost wrecked them mentally and physically. There are also half a dozen squaws who are taking the cure.

Florida's Watermelon Crop.

It is estimated that Florida will produce 3,000,000 watermelons this year.

Newsy Gleanings.

Washingtonians talk of establishing a manual training school for colored children.

The Lake street elevated railroad in Chicago is now fully equipped with electric power.

According to the St. Louis City directory, just issued, the population of that city is 611,264.

American actors have organized a society to protect themselves against irresponsible managers.

The United States cruiser Oregon developed sixteen and a quarter knots on her builder's trial, indicating a premium of $250,000.

Prime Minister di Rudini announced in the Italian Chamber that General Baratieri would be tried in Massowah, Abyssinia, for the disaster at Adowa.

A fabulously rich strike of sylvanite ore was made in the Bluefish Mine on Squaw Creek, Bald Mountain, South Dakota, that will run several hundred dollars per ton.

There will be a tower 250 feet high upon the new Government Building of Chicago, which will be dedicated to the weather bureau and occupied by its observers.

The drought throughout New Jersey is getting to be serious, and unless rain comes soon vegetables and small fruits will suffer severely. Even flowering plants are feeling its effects, especially tulips and other bulbous plants. Strawberries, it is said, will be about half a crop. Springs and rivulets are drying up rapidly.

LAUNCH OF THE KAISER'S CUTTER.

The Emperor May Challenge With Meteor for the America's Cup.

The new racing cutter Meteor, which the shipbuilding firm of D. & W. Henderson have constructed from the designs of G. L. Watson for the German Emperor, was launched from the Meadowsides yards, Glasgow, Scotland. Lord Lonsdale was present at the launching as the representative of the Emperor. The spars of the new cutter will be put on board and her rigging set up, when she will be towed to Gourock. The Meteor will make her debut in the regatta of the Royal Harwich Yacht Club, which will be the first of the important yachting events of the season.

In the construction of the Meteor Mr. Watson has preserved the general features of the Valkyrie, though in several important details he has taken a marked departure from the lines of Lord Dunraven's boat. Her chief measurements are: Length over all, 128 feet; length on water line, 89 feet 7 inches; extreme beam, 25 feet; beam at the load water line, 24 feet 7 inches; draught, uniform throughout, 16 feet 8 inches. Her mainmast is just short of 100 feet long, of Oregon pine, and her topmast and gaff are each about 50 feet in length.

After the launching of the new yacht Lord Lonsdale, in an interview with a representative of the United Press, said that the Emperor might challenge for the America's Cup in the event of the Meteor proving to be a faster boat than Valkyrie III.

RUSSIAN SEIZURE AT CHIFU.

Land Appropriated That the British Claim---Anxiety in England.

A despatch from Shanghai, China, says that the Russians, through the medium of American Agent Smith, have taken possession of the disputed territory of Chifu, over which the British maintain claims. The despatch says that six Russian warships and four United States war vessels are lying at Chifu.

The facts of the Chifu affair are these: The Russian Steam Navigation Company secured a tract of foreshore belonging to the English firm of Fergusson at Chifu, and proposed to build a pier thereon. Other firms objected to the Russian company having possession of the property, whereupon the Russian Government intervened and compelled the Chinese authorities to accede to the full transfer of the property to the Russian company.

The London Globe, in a special article on the subject, says that England is bound to regard the affair as an unfriendly act, and that the result will be awaited with the greatest anxiety.

A later despatch from Shanghai says that the land seized by the Russians at Chifu comprised part of the British concession of that place.

FIVE YEARS FOR HAMMOND.

Reported That the American Will Spend That Time in Prison.

A private telegram received in Berlin, Germany, says that the sentence of Colonel Francis Rhodes, brother of Cecil Rhodes, ex-Premier of the Cape Colony; John Hays Hammond, the American mining engineer; Lionel Phillips and George Farrar, who were condemned to death by the High Court at Pretoria, upon charges of treason, in being active members of the Johannesburg Reform Union, which was held to have instigated Dr. Jameson's raid into the Transvaal, have been commuted to imprisonment for a term of five years.

The sentences of other members of the Reform Committee who were found guilty in connection with the conspiracy and raid, and were condemned to imprisonment and banishment, and to pay a fine of $10,000 each, have been reduced to one year's imprisonment.

A Pair of Forgers Caught.

Two long sought for men belonging to a gang of forgers, check raisers and swindlers, who have conducted operations involving thousands of dollars, were arrested in Newark, N. J., Pinkerton detectives acting for the American Bankers' Association, and Captain I. W. Lees, chief of detectives of San Francisco. Their names are Charles Becker and James Cregan, the principals in the swindling on December 14, 1895, case of $22,000 of the Nevada Bank, of San Francisco, Cal., with a draft on the Bank of Woodland, Cal., raised by Becker from $12 to $22,000.

River and Harbor Bill Passed.

The River and Harbor bill was passed in the United States Senate, leaving only three of the annual appropriation bills to be acted on. These are the District of Columbia bill, the Fortification bill, and the Deficiency bill.

The bill as it passed the House appropriated $10,504,718, and authorized contracts for thirty-two projects involving an aggregate liability of $51,721,210. As it was reported to the Senate the amount appropriated was $12,614,550. That sum was increased by various provisions in the Senate, including the deep sea harbor in Southern California.

Killed His Brother.

A very sad and fatal shooting occurred at Huron, Ind. Walter Pierce was married, and warned his old associates not to carry out their plans for "belling" him and not to come near the house where he and his bride were staying. Frank Pierce, his brother, led the party to the new home. Walter met the noisy party with his gun and fired at once from the doorway. Frank dropped dead and the others fled. Walter is prostrated with grief. He did not know his brother was in the party until he picked up his dead body.

The Official Cotton Crop Report.

The cotton report to the Department of Agriculture for May relates to the progress of planting and the proposed or contemplated area. The proportion of the contemplated area already planted on May 1 was 87.9 per cent., which approximates very closely the breadth usually planted at that date, which is estimated at 88.2 per cent. The returns of correspondents in regard to contemplated acreage indicate a considerable increase over the area planted last year. The average for the country is 114.8. As a general thing the plant is said to be in good condition, with favorable season.

Mission Station Burned in China.

An attack was made by native rioters upon the British Protestant Mission at Kiang-Yin, China, which was looted and burned by the mob. The missionaries succeeded in making their escape.

Peace Between Argentina and Chile.

The signing of a protocol between the Governments of Argentina and Chile has removed a threatening situation. It is believed there is now no cause for anxiety.

Condition of Canadian Crops.

The Canadian Department of Agriculture has issued a spring crop bulletin, which says that the general condition of the fall wheat crop is poor, with a reduced acreage. Clover reports are at present unfavorable. There was considerable freezing out during the winter and spring. The remarkable earliness of the growing season is alluded to, and fruit is said to promise well.

Immigration From Italy Ebbs.

Italian immigration is ebbing. Commissioner Senner, of New York, says that the wholesale deportations of undesirable immigrants have had a deterrent effect.

Prominent People.

Gladstone, it is said, amuses his leisure with wood carving.

James Whitcomb Riley has become a victim of the bicycle habit.

John W. Mackay is about to return to gold mining as an investment.

Charles A. Dana, of the New York Sun, is a high authority on forestry.

Since ex-Senator Butler has retired from Congress he has built up the most lucrative law practice in South Carolina.

The King of Greece is an excellent swimmer, and has a perfect passion for fishing.

This year the Prince of Wales will have been Grand Master of the English Free Masons for twenty-one years.

Governor Coffin, of Connecticut, says that reporters have often done him a great service by reporting his speeches much better than he had delivered them.

Mrs. Leland Stanford has paid in full to the trustees of Leland Stanford University, at Palo Alto, Cal., the sum of $2,500,000, willed to the institution by the late Senator Stanford.

Unlike his predecessor, the young Czar of Russia walks almost daily in the streets of St. Petersburg. Sometimes he is attended by no one but his wife. On other occasions he goes alone.

Senator Davis, of Minnesota, is said to be the best Shakespearean scholar in Congress. He has a large number of rare editions of the poet's works, and has written a book on "Shakespeare and Law."

TWO STATE CONVENTIONS

Stormy Scenes Attend the Sessions in Delaware and Missouri.

THE HIGGINS FACTION BOLTS.

A Split Occurs Among the Republicans at Dover, Del.---The Addicks Men Capture the Regular Organization---Missouri Republican Factions Struggle for Control---The McKinley Men Win.

DOVER, Del., May 13.—The Delaware Republican State Convention, held here yesterday was marked by turmoil and confusion. The bitter enmity between the Higgins and Addicks factions was displayed from the moment the convention opened until the Higgins men, realizing the effect of the application of the unit rule, bolted and held a convention of their own.

Dr. Caleb R. Layton was chosen Chairman, and Dr. George W. Marshall, an Addicks leader, moved that the Chairman appoint a Credentials Committee. The Higgins faction opposed the motion, but it was finally passed.

EX-SENATOR ANTHONY HIGGINS, (Leader of the bolting Republicans in Delaware.)

The Higgins men tried filibustering on every motion until they were compelled to give up. One of the boldest moves they made was the introduction of a resolution by Washington Hastings indorsing McKinley.

In the midst of the excitement Dr. Marshall moved that the convention take a recess, and the Addicks delegates hastily reconvened only as they carried the motion.

When the convention reassembled the committees were announced, and an extension of time for conference was asked. The Higgins faction objected to the delay, and a breezy wrangle followed.

When the excitement was at its height a Higgins delegate asked for three cheers for McKinley, which were given with a great hurrah. Seizing the opportunity, Mr. Bacne moved for the indorsement of McKinley. The roll was called and the motion was defeated. Mr. Hastings tried again to secure the adoption of his resolution, but failed.

Majority and minority reports were made by the Committee on Resolutions, the minority platform indorsing the Ohio candidate. The majority report was agreed to.

The Committee on Credentials reported in favor of Addicks delegates from the contested wards, and the Higgins men promptly bolted the convention.

The Addicks faction named J. Edward Add